



Log # 2024-0005480

FINAL SUMMARY REPORT¹

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On June 7, 2024, the Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA) received an Initiation Report complaint from Sergeant Marc Jarocki, reporting alleged misconduct by a member of the Chicago Police Department (CPD). Sgt. Jarocki alleged that on June 6, 2024, Officer Keeynan Wigley was intoxicated while off-duty, and engaged in a verbal altercation with his girlfriend, [REDACTED] and her mother [REDACTED].² Upon review of the evidence, COPA served additional allegations that Officer Wigley verbally abused [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] that he restricted their movement or blocked their pathway, and that he utilized CPD computerized information systems in an unauthorized manner and not for the purpose of official police business. Following its investigation, COPA reached **Sustained** findings regarding the allegations of engaging in an unjustified verbal altercation and using department computerized information systems in an unauthorized manner for personal business.

II. SUMMARY OF EVIDENCE³

Officers Wigley and [REDACTED] engaged in a dating relationship, and they lived together from approximately April 2020 to July/August 2024. They do not have any children together, however Officer Wigley has two sons. [REDACTED] has two daughters, who lived with her and Officer Wigley.⁴ Near the end of May 2024, [REDACTED] mother, [REDACTED] moved in with them for a few weeks due to her health.⁵ Officer Wigley related that [REDACTED] was not fond of the idea of Officers Wigley and [REDACTED] living together because they were not married; in addition, [REDACTED] was not keen on Officer Wigley being a father figure to [REDACTED] two daughters.⁶

On June 6, 2024, [REDACTED] called 911 at 11:42 pm and requested that CPD respond to their residence.⁷ She related to the 911 call-taker that Officer Wigley was upset because she went

¹ Appendix A includes case identifiers such as the date, time, and location of the incident, the involved parties and their demographics, and the applicable rules and policies.

² One or more of these allegations fall within COPA's jurisdiction pursuant to Chicago Municipal Code § 2-78-120. Therefore, COPA determined it would be the primary investigative agency in this matter.

³ The following is a summary of what COPA finds most likely occurred during this incident. This summary utilized information from several different sources, including police reports, BWC footage, officer interviews, and a 911 call.

⁴ Att. 17, pg. 7. Officer Wigley related that [REDACTED] daughters were ages 22 and 14, at the time of his interview with COPA.

⁵ Att. 17, pg. 9. Officer Wigley related that [REDACTED] was living in Minnesota and had gotten sick, so he told [REDACTED] to have [REDACTED] come stay with them until her health improved.

⁶ Att. 17, pgs. 9 to 10.

⁷ Atts. 4 to 5.

out. Officer Wigley can be heard shouting in the background of the call, and ██████ related that he was yelling at ██████ who is an elder.⁸ ██████ further related that there was no physical contact between them, but she wanted police to be present so it could be peaceful so she could gather her belongings.⁹

Officers responded to the residence at approximately 12:03 am.¹⁰ ██████ related that that night she had been out at a function, and Officer Wigley was also out of the house, but she did not know where he went. ██████ explained that, when Officer Wigley returned home, he was upset because she did not talk to him about where she was going that night, and he said that he was going to wake everyone in the house.¹¹ ██████ related she believed he was intoxicated.¹² She further stated that he yelled and woke up everyone in the house, including her mother, ██████ who requires an oxygen tank.¹³ ██████ stated she and Officer Wigley were in the bedroom, and he blocked her pathway by standing in front of her. ██████ was unable to get around him, and she asked Officer Wigley to let her pass. She related that he did not put his hands on her, but he did ball his fists.¹⁴ ██████ told Officer Wigley that she was going to call the police if he did not back up and calm down.¹⁵ ██████ stated that he called her and ██████ a bitch and told them to get out of his house.¹⁶ She related that Officer Wigley also blocked ██████ path of movement.¹⁷ ██████ claimed the argument lasted approximately 20 to 30 minutes. ██████ related she had never seen Officer Wigley raise his voice like that before.¹⁸

██████ related to the responding officers that she was asleep, and she heard yelling. She went to the bedroom, and she observed Officer Wigley blocking ██████ pathway.¹⁹ ██████ alleged that Officer Wigley also blocked her movement, and said to her, "Bitch, get the fuck out of my motherfucking house."²⁰ ██████ stated she told Officer Wigley he was being disrespectful.²¹ ██████ related that she told Officer Wigley she was going to pack her belongings to get out of the house, and he told her to get out now.²² ██████ related that

⁸ Att. 5.

⁹ Att. 5.

¹⁰ Att. 2, pg. 1.

¹¹ Att. 11 at 32:00 to 32:10.

¹² Att. 11 at 8:45 to 9:40 and 12:30 to 12:40. She related she only had one drink that night and was not intoxicated. She did not see him drinking, but he told her he was out with his friends. She felt he was intoxicated because his behavior was out of his character.

¹³ Att. 11 at 2:45 to 3:17. ██████ related that she got scared because she is a victim of abuse with a previous partner of hers.

¹⁴ Att. 11 at 7:45 to 8:25.

¹⁵ Att. 11 at 7:15 to 7:35 and 28:35 to 29:15. ██████ related she did not want to get police involved, but she felt she had no other choice than to call police to get Officer Wigley to calm down.

¹⁶ Att. 11 at 10:40 to 10:46 and 28:03 to 28:10.

¹⁷ Att. 11 at 26:45 to 27:05.

¹⁸ Att. 11 at 7:05 to 7:12.

¹⁹ Att. 11 at 19:25 to 21:15.

²⁰ Att. 11 at 6:20 to 6:25 and 22:05 to 22:25.

²¹ Att. 11 at 22:59 to 23:05.

²² Att. 11 at 28:05 to 28:35.

Officer Wigley left the residence and she did not know where he went.²³ She provided a RING doorbell video that has a timestamp of June 6, 2024 at 11:49 pm on it.²⁴ The video depicted a male pacing in the driveway who appeared to be on a phone call. It appears he said words to the effect of, "Can you come get this bitch, because she just called the motherfucking police on me, I need her out of here."²⁵

COPA contacted [REDACTED] multiple times to obtain a statement.²⁶ [REDACTED] related information consistent with what she related to the officers on the day of the incident, but she did not wish to provide a formal recorded statement to COPA. [REDACTED] stated to COPA that it was an isolated incident, and the altercation was only verbal, and he did not put his hands on her.²⁷ She further related that she had since moved out of Officer Wigley's residence and they parted ways, and they have not had any issues since she left.²⁸

During his interview with COPA, Officer Wigley related that on the day of the incident, both he and [REDACTED] were out of the house at separate locations, but he could not recall where either of them were.²⁹ He related he returned home before she did, but then he left to go to a nearby gas station, and when he returned home again, [REDACTED] was home.³⁰ He and [REDACTED] were arguing in the bedroom and their voices were raised. He could not recall what the argument was about or what was said.³¹ Officer Wigley related that at first, he was standing near the bedroom doorway and [REDACTED] was near the window, furthest from the door. He denied that [REDACTED] tried to leave the bedroom or move past him to exit the room.³² [REDACTED] woke up and came into the bedroom.³³ Officer Wigley related that he was near the window furthest from the bedroom door, and [REDACTED] was positioned in between him and [REDACTED]

Officer Wigley then explained that [REDACTED] walked past [REDACTED] to get closer to Officer Wigley to confront him.³⁴ He and [REDACTED] began arguing loudly, and he told her to get out of his space and back up. [REDACTED] then told him that he was being disrespectful to her, which he believed was due to his volume. They argued back and forth, and he related he felt [REDACTED]

²³ Att. 11 at 29:33 to 29:50.

²⁴ Att. 12.

²⁵ Att. 12 at 0:08 to 0:15.

²⁶ Att. 6, CO-1395589, CO-1397006 and CO-1400130.

²⁷ CO-1407402. COPA requested [REDACTED] provide a phone number for [REDACTED] due to [REDACTED] phone number being listed for [REDACTED] on the Original Case Incident Report. [REDACTED] related that was the best contact number for [REDACTED] who had since moved back to Minnesota. CO-1410920. COPA attempted to call a phone number obtained for [REDACTED] via a search through Thompson Reuters, but the phone number appeared to be disconnected.

²⁸ Att. 8 and CO-1407402. [REDACTED] sent an email to COPA requesting the case be closed.

²⁹ Atts. 16-18 and att. 17, pg. 12. Officer Wigley was interviewed on February 6, 2025.

³⁰ Att. 17, pgs. 12 to 13. Officer Wigley related he believed [REDACTED] was asleep, and he did not know if [REDACTED] two daughters were awake or not because they usually have their bedroom doors closed.

³¹ Att. 17, pg. 14.

³² Att. 17, pg. 19.

³³ Att. 17, pg. 15. Officer Wigley related he believes the door to their bedroom was open.

³⁴ Att. 17, pg. 16.

was being disrespectful because she yelled and she called him a bitch. Officer Wigley claimed he responded, “You’re right. I’m a bitch. I’m a bitch. I’ll be that.”³⁵ At that point during the encounter, ██████ said she was going to leave so Officer Wigley told her to leave.³⁶

Officer Wigley related ██████ said she was going to call the police while he and ██████ continued arguing. He was not sure exactly when ██████ made the call to the police.³⁷ Officer Wigley then went outside to take a walk, and he called his work partner and friend, Officer Ajamu-Gom Johnson.³⁸ He walked a few blocks away from the residence, and Officer Johnson picked him up.³⁹

Officer Wigley denied that he blocked the movement of ██████ or ██████ during the incident, and he denied making any physical contact with either of them.⁴⁰ He also denied calling ██████ or ██████ a “bitch.”⁴¹ Officer Wigley did not recall either of ██████ daughters waking up or getting involved in the incident.⁴² He related the incident lasted approximately 10 to 15 minutes.⁴³

A few days after the incident, Officers Wigley and ██████ apologized to each other for raising their voices, and ██████ related that she was triggered by the yelling due to her previous relationship.⁴⁴ He further related that ██████ informed him that she called the police station after the police left the residence and told them that some of the information ██████ provided was not true. ██████ told Officer Wigley that the responding officers did not include some of that information in the case report.⁴⁵

Officer Wigley stayed away from the shared residence for a few weeks, and he told ██████ that he did not want to go back to the house until ██████ moved out.⁴⁶ He related that ██████ moved out a few weeks after the incident, and ██████ moved out a few months later.⁴⁷ Officer Wigley claimed their relationship was essentially the same as it was prior to the

³⁵ Att. 17, pgs. 17 to 18. Officer Wigley related that was the only time he used the word “bitch” during the incident.

³⁶ Att. 17, pg. 18.

³⁷ Att. 17, pgs. 19 to 21, and 34. Officer Wigley stated that he did not know that ██████ called police, and he did not know the police were responding. He was not aware the police responded to his residence until the following day.

³⁸ Att. 17, pgs. 21 to 23.

³⁹ Att. 17, pgs. 23 to 24. Officer Wigley related that his keys were inside the house, and he did not want to go back inside, so Officer Johnson offered to pick him up.

⁴⁰ Att. 17, pg. 19.

⁴¹ Att. 17, pg. 18.

⁴² Att. 17, pgs. 24 to 25.

⁴³ Att. 17, pg. 28.

⁴⁴ Att. 17, pgs. 31 to 32.

⁴⁵ Att. 17, pgs. 35 to 36.

⁴⁶ Att. 17, pgs. 25 to 26.

⁴⁷ Att. 17, pgs. 27 to 28. Officer Wigley related that it was ██████ decision to move out of their shared residence, and he did not ask her or tell her to.

incident, except that they now live at separate residences.⁴⁸ He had not seen or spoken to [REDACTED] after the incident.

During his interview with COPA, Officer Wigley said that he accessed the Original Case Incident Report regarding the incident sometime after he was given the notification of a statement at COPA.⁴⁹ COPA served him an additional allegation regarding this and interviewed Officer Wigley again.⁵⁰ Officer Wigley related at the time, he did not know it was wrong to access the case report regarding the incident and that he accessed it to prepare for his COPA statement.⁵¹ COPA asked Officer Wigley if he was familiar with CPD policy regarding access of computerized data, which includes rules prohibiting using CPD resources for personal use, and he responded that he was. Officer Wigley accepted the allegation.⁵²

COPA interviewed Officer Johnson, who related that on the day of the incident he received a phone call from Officer Wigley, who said he needed him to come pick him up.⁵³ Officer Wigley shared with Officer Johnson that he had a disagreement with [REDACTED] and when they calmed down, [REDACTED] got involved, which reignited the altercation.⁵⁴ Officer Johnson did not have any other substantive conversations with Officer Wigley about the incident, so he did not obtain any more details about it.⁵⁵

III. ALLEGATIONS

Officer Keeynan Wigley:

On or about June 6, 2024, at approximately 11:30 pm, at or near [REDACTED], Chicago, IL, Officer Keeynan Wigley:

Engaged in an unjustified verbal altercation with [REDACTED] and/or [REDACTED]
Sustained, in violation of Rules 2, 3, 8 and 9.

Verbally abused [REDACTED] and/or [REDACTED] by stating words to the effect of “Bitch” without justification.
Not sustained.

Restricted the movement and/or blocked the pathway of [REDACTED] and/or [REDACTED] without justification.
Not sustained.

⁴⁸ Att. 17, pg. 37 to 38.

⁴⁹ Att. 17, pgs. 40 to 41.

⁵⁰ Atts. 26 to 28. Officer Wigley provided the additional statement to COPA on April 17, 2025.

⁵¹ Att. 28, pg. 7.

⁵² Att. 28, pgs. 8 to 10.

⁵³ Atts. 21 to 22. Att. 22, pg. 9.

⁵⁴ Att. 22, pgs. 11 to 13 and 15 to 16.

⁵⁵ Att. 22, pg. 16.

On an unknown date between January 14, 2025, and February 6, 2025, at an unknown time and location, Officer Keeynan Wigley utilized Department computerized information systems in an unauthorized manner and not for the purpose of official police business, to wit: accessed a case report from an incident that occurred on June 6, 2024.

- **Sustained**, in violation of Rules 2, 3, and 6.

IV. CREDIBILITY ASSESSMENT

The credibility of an individual relies primarily on two factors: 1) the individual's truthfulness and 2) the reliability of the individual's account. The first factor addresses the honesty of the individual making the statement, while the second factor speaks to the individual's ability to accurately perceive the event at the time of the incident and then accurately recall the event from memory. In this case, factors are present that give cause to question the reliability of both Officers ██████ and Wigley's accounts.

After making her report against Officer Wigley on June 6, 2024, ██████ declined to participate in COPA's investigation and asked that the investigation be discontinued.⁵⁶ Although she spoke to COPA over the phone, she declined to provide a formal recorded statement. As a result, COPA was unable to elicit further details from her that could be used to corroborate her account. COPA does not doubt the truthfulness of ██████ account, however her refusal to participate in the investigation undercuts diminishes the credibility of her initial account to CPD. Providing a statement to COPA, is an opportunity for the complainant to corroborate their initial statement and, thus bolster the reliability of their previous statements. Therefore, in this case, ██████ missed an opportunity to corroborate her previous account.

Although Officer Wigley denied most of the allegations, some of the information he provided regarding the incident was consistent with the accounts of ██████ and ██████ (e.g., there was a verbal altercation with raised voices, ██████ told Officer Wigley he was being disrespectful). However, there was a slight discrepancy between Officer Wigley's statement and the evidence COPA obtained. When questioned why he left before officers arrived at his residence, Officer Wigley related that he did not know that ██████ called police, and he did not know the police were responding. However, on the RING video, it appears he was speaking on the phone and said words to the effect of, "Can you come get this bitch, because she just called the motherfucking police on me, I need her out of here." While Officer Wigley admitted he raised his voice with ██████ bolstering his credibility, his denial of his awareness of police being called raises questions about his credibility.

V. ANALYSIS⁵⁷

⁵⁶ Att. 8.

⁵⁷ For a definition of COPA's findings and standards of proof, *see* Appendix B.

COPA finds Allegation #1, that Officer Wigley engaged in an unjustified verbal altercation with [REDACTED] and/or [REDACTED] is **Sustained**. Officer Wigley admitted to arguing back and forth with [REDACTED]. The recording of the 911 call depicts Officer Wigley yelling in the background while [REDACTED] was trying to talk to the dispatcher. The dispatcher even asked [REDACTED] who Officer Wigley was yelling at in the background, and [REDACTED] related he was yelling at her mom. Officer Wigley admitted that he and [REDACTED] were still arguing loudly when [REDACTED] stated she was going to call the police. Therefore, COPA finds that Officer Wigley engaged in an unjustified verbal altercation. Allegation #1 is sustained in violation of CPD Rules 2, 3, 8 and 9.

COPA finds Allegation #2, that Officer Wigley verbally abused [REDACTED] and/or [REDACTED] by stating words to the effect of “bitch” without justification, is **Not Sustained**. [REDACTED] stated that he called her and [REDACTED] a bitch and told them to get out of his house. [REDACTED] alleged that Officer Wigley said to her, “Bitch, get the fuck out of my motherfucking house.” Officer Wigley related that [REDACTED] called him a “bitch”, and he responded, “You’re right. I’m a bitch. I’m a bitch. I’ll be that.” Officer Wigley stated that was the only time he used the word bitch during the incident, and he denied calling either [REDACTED] or [REDACTED] a bitch. There is insufficient objective verifiable evidence to prove the allegation by a preponderance of the evidence. Therefore, Allegation #2 is not sustained.

COPA finds Allegation #3, that Officer Wigley restricted the movement and/or blocked the pathway of [REDACTED] and/or [REDACTED] without justification, is **Not Sustained**. Both [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] related that during the incident, Officer Wigley restricted their movement or pathway by standing in their way and not allowing them to leave the bedroom. [REDACTED] related she was unable to get around him, and she asked Officer Wigley to let her pass by. [REDACTED] also told Officer Wigley that she was going to call the police if he did not back up and calm down, and ultimately, she called the police. It did not appear that [REDACTED] mentioned this allegation during the call to 911, but she did when she was speaking to responding officers. Officer Wigley denied that [REDACTED] tried to leave the bedroom or move past him to exit the room, and he denied that he blocked the movement of [REDACTED] and/or [REDACTED]. For the reasons mentioned above as well as in the Credibility Assessment, COPA concluded there is insufficient objective verifiable evidence to prove the allegation by a preponderance of the evidence. Therefore, Allegation #3 is not sustained.

COPA finds Allegation #4, that Officer Wigley used CPD computing systems in an unauthorized manner for personal business, is **Sustained**. CPD policy prohibits officers from accessing information via CPD equipment for personal or other unauthorized reasons.⁵⁸ Officer Wigley accepted this allegation, explaining that he did not know it was wrong at the time, and he accessed the case report to prepare for his interview. He nevertheless acknowledged his awareness of CPD policy prohibiting the use of CPD resources for personal use. Therefore, Allegation #4 is sustained as a violation of Rules 2, 3, and 6.

⁵⁸ Att. 25. G09-01-01(VI)(A)(2) Access to Computerized Data, Dissemination and Retention of Computer Data (effective February 3, 2012 to present).

VI. DISCIPLINARY RECOMMENDATION

a. Officer Keeynan Wigley

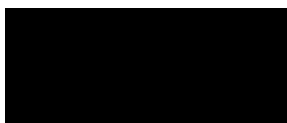
i. Complimentary and Disciplinary History⁵⁹

Officer Wigley received 36 awards and certificates. His complimentary history includes but is not limited to the following: twenty Honorable Mention Certificates; four Attendance Recognition Awards; two Department Commendation Awards; 2 Crime Reduction Awards; and an Annual Bureau Award of Recognition. Officer Wigley has not had any sustained complaints in the past five years.

ii. Recommended Discipline

COPA has considered Officer Wigley's complimentary and disciplinary history. Although there are inconsistencies between Officer Wigley's account and the RING camera video footage, he did corroborate some of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] initial accounts to CPD. In addition, Officer Wigley admitted to using CPD resources for personal and unauthorized purposes. Although Officer Wigley did verbally engage with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] in mitigation, he eventually removed himself from the encounter to deescalate the situation. Despite sustaining two of the allegations that have undeniable corroborating evidence, COPA believes the incident in this case, more likely than not, was a momentary lapse in judgement and the result of a heated argument with family. Therefore, COPA recommends a reprimand.

Approved:



2.13.26

Kimberly Edstrom Schiller
Director of Investigations – Chief Investigator

 Date

⁵⁹ Att. 29.

Appendix A**Case Details**

Date/Time/Location of Incident:	June 6, 2024 / 11:30 pm / ██████ ██████ Chicago, IL
Date/Time of COPA Notification:	June 7, 2024 / 1:21 am
Involved Member #1:	Keeynan Wigley, star #18822, employee ID# ██████ Date of Appointment: November 27, 2006, Unit of Assignment: 006, male, black
Involved Member #2:	██████ star # ██████, employee ID# ██████ Date of Appointment: ██████, Unit of Assignment: ██████ female, black
Involved Individual #1:	██████ female, black

Applicable Rules

- ☒ **Rule 2:** Any action or conduct which impedes the Department's efforts to achieve its policy and goals or brings discredit upon the Department.
- ☒ **Rule 3:** Any failure to promote the Department's efforts to implement its policy or accomplish its goals.
- ☐ **Rule 5:** Failure to perform any duty.
- ☒ **Rule 6:** Disobedience of an order or directive, whether written or oral.
- ☒ **Rule 8:** Disrespect to or maltreatment of any person, while on or off duty.
- ☒ **Rule 9:** Engaging in any unjustified verbal or physical altercation with any person, while on or off duty.
- ☐ **Rule 10:** Inattention to duty.
- ☐ **Rule 14:** Making a false report, written or oral.
- ☐ **Rule 38:** Unlawful or unnecessary use or display of a weapon.
- ☐ **Rule __:** *[Insert text of any additional rule(s) violated]*

Applicable Policies and Laws

- G09-01-01: Access to Computerized Data, Dissemination and Retention of Computer Data (effective February 3, 2012 to present)

Appendix B

Definition of COPA's Findings and Standards of Proof

For each Allegation, COPA must make one of the following findings:

1. Sustained – where it is determined the allegation is supported by a preponderance of the evidence;
2. Not Sustained – where it is determined there is insufficient evidence to prove the allegations by a preponderance of the evidence;
3. Unfounded – where it is determined by clear and convincing evidence that an allegation is false or not factual; or
4. Exonerated – where it is determined by clear and convincing evidence that the conduct described in the allegation occurred, but it is lawful and proper.

A **preponderance of evidence** can be described as evidence indicating that it is **more likely than not** that a proposition is proved.⁶⁰ For example, if the evidence gathered in an investigation establishes that it is more likely that the conduct complied with CPD policy than that it did not, even if by a narrow margin, then the preponderance of the evidence standard is met.

Clear and convincing evidence is a higher standard than a preponderance of the evidence but lower than the “beyond-a-reasonable doubt” standard required to convict a person of a criminal offense. Clear and convincing can be defined as a “degree of proof, which, considering all the evidence in the case, produces the firm and abiding belief that it is highly probable that the proposition . . . is true.”⁶¹

⁶⁰ See *Avery v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co.*, 216 Ill. 2d 100, 191 (2005) (a proposition is proved by a preponderance of the evidence when it is found to be more probably true than not).

⁶¹ *People v. Coan*, 2016 IL App (2d) 151036, ¶ 28 (quoting Illinois Pattern Jury Instructions, Criminal, No. 4.19 (4th ed. 2000)).

Appendix C

Transparency and Publication Categories

Check all that apply:

- ☐ Abuse of Authority
- ☐ Body Worn Camera Violation
- ☐ Coercion
- ☐ Death or Serious Bodily Injury in Custody
- ☒ Domestic Violence
- ☐ Excessive Force
- ☐ Failure to Report Misconduct
- ☐ False Statement
- ☐ Firearm Discharge
- ☐ Firearm Discharge – Animal
- ☐ Firearm Discharge – Suicide
- ☐ Firearm Discharge – Unintentional
- ☐ First Amendment
- ☐ Improper Search and Seizure – Fourth Amendment Violation
- ☐ Incidents in Lockup
- ☐ Motor Vehicle Incidents
- ☐ OC Spray Discharge
- ☐ Search Warrants
- ☐ Sexual Misconduct
- ☐ Taser Discharge
- ☐ Unlawful Denial of Access to Counsel
- ☐ Unnecessary Display of a Weapon
- ☐ Use of Deadly Force – other
- ☐ Verbal Abuse
- ☒ Other Investigation