

Log # 2023-0001864

FINAL SUMMARY REPORT¹

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On May 1, 2023, the Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA) received an initiation report² from the 014th District reporting alleged misconduct by a member of the Chicago Police Department (CPD). The initiation report stated that on April 30, 2023, PO Alejandro Moreno's arm was positioned near the arrestee's neck while struggling during an arrest.³ Upon review of the evidence, COPA served an allegation that PO Moreno placed his arm across meck during an arrest without justification.

II. SUMMARY OF EVIDENCE⁴

COPA obtained an audio-recorded statement f	rom ⁵ , who was present at
the business location,	., at the time of the incident.
an who was on duty at the ti	me of the initial incident and called 9-1-1.
was also present during the altercation between	een officers and During his
audio-recorded statement, recounted that	approached the business requesting his
food order and refused to leave. further stated	that when he refused to open the door and
give him his order, he explained to that this wa	as not that type of business. At that point,
began kicking the glass door until it shattered, an	d called the police. Once on scene,
officers contacted which is when the altercation	ensued. stated that he believed the
officers handled the situation with high regard for	safety and did not harm
COPA obtained body-worn camera footage of	PO Alejandro Moreno, Sgt. Rene Duran,

and PO Kevin Garcia⁸. The BWC does not show the incident before police arrived but collectively

shows the altercation between officers and In addition to body-worn camera footage, COPA obtained the Arrest Report, Case Report, and the Injured on Duty (IOD) Report of PO

¹ Appendix A includes case identifiers such as the date, time, and location of the incident, the involved parties and their demographics, and the applicable rules and policies.

² See Att. 10 Initiation Report

³ One or more of these allegations fall within COPA's jurisdiction pursuant to Chicago Municipal Code § 2-78-120. Therefore, COPA determined it would be the primary investigative agency in this matter.

⁴ The following is a summary of what COPA finds most likely occurred during this incident. This summary utilized information from several different sources, including BWC footage, officer statements, and Department reports.

⁵ See Att. 32 COPA Audio Recorded Statement Octavio Medina

⁶ See Att. 14 PO Alejandro Moreno BWC

⁷ See Att. 3 PO Rene Duran BWC

⁸ See Att. 9 PO Kevin Garcia BWC

⁹ See Att. 1 Arrest Report

¹⁰ See Att. 2 Case Report

Alejandro Moreno. When officers engaged he stiffened his body in an attempt to defeat
arrest and refused commands. Officer Moreno and were on the ground, and appeared
on top of Officer Moreno. Officer Moreno's arms can be seen wrapped around head, but
do not appear to be obstructing his neck or airway. During his audio-recorded statement, PO
Moreno explained that he used control tactics during the altercation by placing his forearm across
chin and forehead to control his head. PO Moreno further explained that this control tactic
was done to maintain control of prevent from headbutting or striking officers, and
effectively restrain him. The arrest report details the incident that led to the arrest of
and why police were called to at
Chicago, IL 60647. The Case Report describes the altercation between officers and along
with the IOD Report that details the injuries sustained by the accused officer, PO Alejandro
Moreno.
COPA attempted to contact to obtain a statement and was unsuccessful. 12
COPA received the medical records ¹³ of from West Suburban Medical Center. The

medical records show that did not sustain any injuries related to his contact with the arresting

III. ALLEGATIONS

PO Alejandro Moreno:

- 1. Placing his arm across neck during an arrest without justification.
 - Unfounded

IV. CREDIBILITY ASSESSMENT

officers and has a history of mental health issues.

This investigation did not reveal any evidence that caused COPA to question the credibility of PO Moreno, who provided a recorded statement. PO Moreno was very forthcoming with information and answered questions throughout the investigation.

V. ANALYSIS¹⁴

1. Placing his arm across neck during an arrest without justification.

Under CPD policy, members may only use force that is objectively reasonable, necessary, and proportional to the threat, actions, and level of resistance offered by a person. ¹⁵ When a CPD member encounters a person who attempts to create distance from a member with an intent to

¹¹ See Att. 11 IOD Report Alejandro Moreno

¹² Atts. 24, 38 and See CMS notes

¹³ Att. 28

¹⁴ For a definition of COPA's findings and standards of proof, see Appendix B.

¹⁵ See G03-02 (III)(B), De-Escalation, Response to Resistance, and Use of Force (effective April 15, 2021 to present.

members may respond to active resistance with police presence, verbal directions, holding and compliance techniques, control instruments, stunning, takedowns, OC spray, Tasers, and canine use. ¹⁷ Here, was an active resister in that he stiffened his body in an attempt to defeat arrest. Thus, Officer Moreno was authorized to use control tactics to gain compliance. However, after thoroughly reviewing the available evidence and BWC, COPA determined that PO Moreno did not place his arm across neck during his arrest as alleged. Rather, his arm was around chin and jaw area. 18 can be heard talking to officers and being verbally combative throughout the arrest and struggle, which is consistent with airway not being restricted. During his audio-recorded statement, PO Moreno stated that he utilized a restraint technique where he placed one arm across forehead and another cheek and jawline, crossing his hands to control head. PO Moreno further head and prevent him from headbutting officers and to stated that this was done to control turn his head away and not allow him to spit on officers. 19 Medical records obtained from West Suburban Medical Center show that a history of mental health issues. was transported to the hospital following the altercation to be evaluated for his injuries. was medically cleared at the hospital by medical staff with no findings of trauma around the neck area. Officer Moreno attempted to use control tactics to gain compliance and his actions were reasonable and necessary to affect the arrest of Thus, his actions did not violate CPD General Order: G03-02 De-escalation, Response to Resistance, and Use of Force, based on the available evidence, the severity of the confrontation during the arrest, and the potential for serious bodily injury to officers. Moreover, he did not place his arm around neck or restrict his airway. Thus, COPA finds the allegation is Unfounded. Approved: October 30, 2023 Skarday Jackson Date Deputy Chief Administrator – Chief Investigator

avoid physical control and/or defeat arrest, that person is classified as an active resister. 16 CPD

¹⁶ See G03-02 (III)(B), De-Escalation, Response to Resistance, and Use of Force (effective April 15, 2021 to present. ¹⁷ See G03-02 (III)(B), De-Escalation, Response to Resistance, and Use of Force (effective April 15, 2021 to present.

¹⁸ See Att. 3 SGT Rene Duran BWC 2:42

¹⁹ See Att. 40 COPA Audio Recorded Statement_PO Alejandro Moreno 23:00

Appendix A

Case Details	
Date/Time/Location of Incident:	30 APR 2023/05:08H/2308 W. Moffat St., Chicago, IL 60647
Date/Time of COPA Notification:	MAY 01 2023/07:46H
Involved Officer #1:	Alejandro Morena, Star #: 13379, Employee ID#:, Date of Appointment: 23 FEB 2015, Unit of Appointment: 014, Male, Hispanic
Involved Individual #1:	Male, Black
Applicable Rules	
-	et which impedes the Department's efforts to achieve its
policy and goals or brings dis	1
	te the Department's efforts to implement its policy or
accomplish its goals.	
Rule 5: Failure to perform an	
	rder or directive, whether written or oral.
Rule 8: Disrespect to or malt	reatment of any person, while on or off duty.
Rule 9: Engaging in any unju	stified verbal or physical altercation with any person, while
on or off duty.	
Rule 10: Inattention to duty.	
Rule 14: Making a false repo	rt, written or oral.
Rule 38: Unlawful or unnece	ssary use or display of a weapon.
Rule _: [Insert text of any add	'itional rule(s) violated]

Applicable Policies and Laws

• G03-02: De-escalation, Response to Resistance, and Use of Force (effective April 15, 2021 to June 28, 2023)

Appendix B

Definition of COPA's Findings and Standards of Proof

For each Allegation, COPA must make one of the following findings:

- 1. <u>Sustained</u> where it is determined the allegation is supported by a preponderance of the evidence;
- 2. <u>Not Sustained</u> where it is determined there is insufficient evidence to prove the allegations by a preponderance of the evidence;
- 3. <u>Unfounded</u> where it is determined by clear and convincing evidence that an allegation is false or not factual; or
- 4. <u>Exonerated</u> where it is determined by clear and convincing evidence that the conduct described in the allegation occurred, but it is lawful and proper.

A **preponderance of evidence** can be described as evidence indicating that it is **more likely than not** that a proposition is proved.²⁰ For example, if the evidence gathered in an investigation establishes that it is more likely that the conduct complied with Department policy than that it did not, even if by a narrow margin, then the preponderance of the evidence standard is met.

Clear and convincing evidence is a higher standard than a preponderance of the evidence but lower than the "beyond-a-reasonable doubt" standard required to convict a person of a criminal offense. Clear and convincing can be defined as a "degree of proof, which, considering all the evidence in the case, produces the firm and abiding belief that it is highly probable that the proposition . . . is true."²¹

²⁰ See Avery v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co., 216 Ill. 2d 100, 191 (2005) (a proposition is proved by a preponderance of the evidence when it is found to be more probably true than not).

²¹ People v. Coan, 2016 IL App (2d) 151036, ¶ 28 (quoting Illinois Pattern Jury Instructions, Criminal, No. 4.19 (4th ed. 2000)).

Appendix C

Transparency and Publication Categories

Check	all that apply:
	Abuse of Authority
	Body Worn Camera Violation
	Coercion
	Death or Serious Bodily Injury in Custody
	Domestic Violence
\boxtimes	Excessive Force
	Failure to Report Misconduct
	False Statement
	Firearm Discharge
	Firearm Discharge – Animal
	Firearm Discharge – Suicide
	Firearm Discharge – Unintentional
	First Amendment
	Improper Search and Seizure – Fourth Amendment Violation
	Incidents in Lockup
	Motor Vehicle Incidents
	OC Spray Discharge
	Search Warrants
	Sexual Misconduct
	Taser Discharge
	Unlawful Denial of Access to Counsel
	Unnecessary Display of a Weapon
\boxtimes	Use of Deadly Force – other
	Verbal Abuse
\boxtimes	Other Investigation