# SUMMARY REPORT OF INVESTIGATION

# I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Date of Incident:		May 30, 2020	
Time of Incident:		7:35 P.M.	
Location of Incident:		401 N. State Street	
Date of COPA Notificati	ion:	June 1, 2020	
Time of COPA Notificat	ion:	4:45 P.M.	
detail, violently and repeat Mudd also pushed his bat attempted to prevent an uttime, another unknown of during the protest, the protest, the protest and unknown officer replied, she observed Officer Kenthim with a baton.	tedly pushton upwarenknown officer structotesters character Brink neth Brink nown officent	on the chest and arms we do into throat four or five ficer from hitting and pulling the hair of the back of the kneed anted, "Who are you protecting?" and a heard protesters instructing one anotally, that will make easier targets."  grab an unknown, male/black, protester ister, was struck on the accer. COPA finds the allegations are Notal	with his baton. Officer e times.  If a protester, at which with the baton. Also, an unknown sergeant ther to kneel, and an further reported that by the hair and struck rms with a baton and
Involved Officer #1:		MUDD, Marcus, #14390, DOA	
Involved Officer #2:		PO, 014 <sup>th</sup> District, DOB 197, 197 BRINK, Kenneth, #17865, 198, DOA 006 <sup>th</sup> District, DOB November 28, 198,	A July 15, 2013, PO,
Involved Officer #3:		Unknown Department Members	-,, ··
Involved Individual #1:		, 1996, female,	white
Involved Individual #2:		A , 1998, female	, white
III. ALLEGATIO	ONS		
Officer	Allegatio	on	Finding / Recommendation
Officer MUDD,		tedly pushed on her	Not Sustained
Marcus chest and arms with a baton.			

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  COPA was unable to identify this alleged sergeant.

	2. Pushed his baton upwards into throat.	Not Sustained
Officer BRINK,	1. Grabbed an unknown male/black protester	Not Sustained
Kenneth	by the hair; and	
	2. Struck an unknown male/black protester	Not Sustained
	with a baton	

### IV. APPLICABLE RULES AND LAWS

### Rules

- 1. Rule 2 Any action or conduct which impedes the Department's effort to achieve its policy and goals or brings discredit upon the Department.
- 2. Rule 8 Disrespect to or maltreatment of any person while on or off duty.
- 3. Rule 9 Engaging in any unjustified verbal or physical altercation with any person while on or off duty.

### **General Orders**

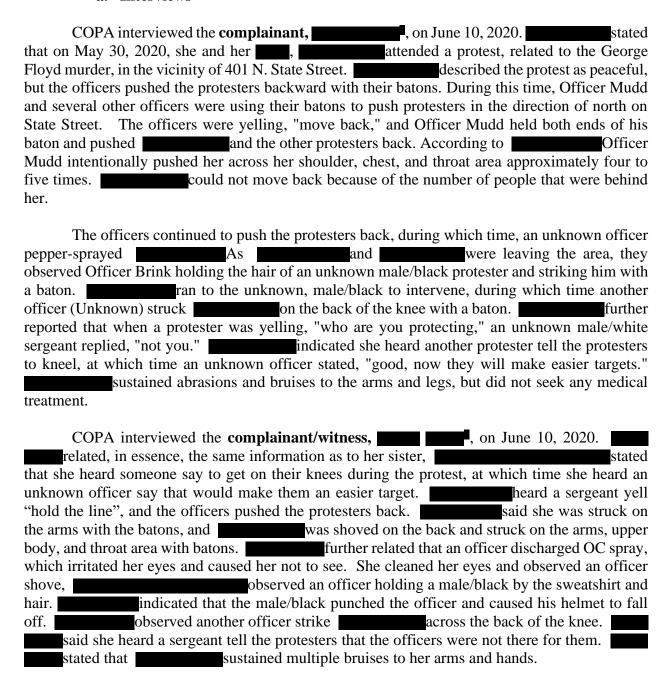
1.G03-02-01 – Force Options

2.G03-02-07 - Baton Use Incidents

3.U04-02-02 – Control Devices and Instruments

#### V. INVESTIGATION<sup>2</sup>

#### a. Interviews



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> COPA conducted a thorough and complete investigation. The following is a summary of the material evidence gathered and relied upon in our analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Att 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Att 25

COPA interviewed the accused, Officer Mudd<sup>5</sup>, on January 28, 2022. Officer Mudd stated that he was detailed to the location of 401 N. State for the protest. Officer Mudd stated that he did not recall coming into contact with Officer Mudd indicated that he came into contact with several people of different races and genders. Officer Mudd stated that he had his baton in his hands when ordered to advance forward to move the protesters back. Officer Mudd was unaware of causing injury during his contact with them.

COPA interviewed the accused, Officer Brink<sup>6</sup>, on March 9, 2022. Officer Brink said he was working on May 30, 2020, and detailed to guard Trump Tower for the protest. Officer Brink denied the allegations made against him. Officer Brink said he never struck anyone with his baton. He stated that he encountered a male/black with a dreadlock hairstyle and indicated that he pulled the male/black by the shirt and possibly pulled his hair, but he was unsure. Officer Brink was quite sure that he did not strike the male/black with his baton. Officer Brink failed to arrest the male/black due to his ability to elude the officers. Officer Brink did not know the specific date of the incident.

## b. Digital Evidence

The video provided by depicted several officers, including Officer Mudd, wearing police helmets and holding batons with both hands. At the 00:11 mark, someone stated, "serve and protect who," and someone (possibly a sergeant) replied, "not you." At the 00:23 mark, the officers moved toward The camera's view was obstructed during this time, and the officers stated, "please move back." The video depicts someone yelling, "then why are you pushing." The video does not show the allegations alleged by Rachel and

The **photographs provided by** depicted a bruise and abrasions to her right arm, left arm, right hand, and leg.

The **photograph provided by** depicted a picture of Officer Mudd.

The **POD**<sup>9</sup> for the following locations: 4 E. Hubbard Street, 401 N. State Street, and 449 N. State Street (POD's 3337W, 6532, 6236) did not specifically capture the incident involving Rachael and

#### VI. **LEGAL STANDARD**

For each Allegation COPA must make one of the following findings:

1. Sustained - where it is determined the allegation is supported by a preponderance of the evidence;

<sup>6</sup> Att 28

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Att 31

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Att 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Att 7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Atts 19, 20, 21

- 2. <u>Not Sustained</u> where it is determined there is insufficient evidence to prove the allegations by a preponderance of the evidence;
- 3. <u>Unfounded</u> where it is determined by clear and convincing evidence that an allegation is false or not factual; or
- 4. Exonerated where it is determined by clear and convincing evidence that the conduct descried in the allegation occurred, but it is lawful and propeRachel

A preponderance of evidence can be described as evidence indicating that it is more likely than not that the conduct reviewed complied with Department policy. See Avery v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co., 216 III. 2d 100, 191 (2005), (a proposition is proved by a preponderance of the evidence when it has found to be more probably true than not). If the evidence gathered in an investigation establishes that it is more likely that the conduct complied with Department policy than that it did not, even if by a narrow margin, then the preponderance of the evidence standard is met.

Clear and convincing evidence is a higher standard than a preponderance of the evidence but lower than the "beyond-a-reasonable doubt" standard required to convict a person of a criminal offense. See *e.g.*, *People v. Coan*, 2016 IL App (2d) 151036 (2016). Clear and Convincing can be defined as a "degree of proof, which, considering all the evidence in the case, produces the firm and abiding belief that it is highly probable that the proposition . . . is true." *Id.* at ¶ 28.

#### VII. ANALYSIS

### Officer Marcus Mudd #14390

COPA makes a finding of **Not Sustained** for allegations #1 - 2, in that Officer Mudd repeatedly pushed on the chest and arms with a baton and pushed his baton upwards into throat. Officer Mudd did not recall coming into contact with Officer Mudd denied the allegations made against him. The video footage provided by did not depict the actions alleged by The POD videos in the area did not show the incident. Sustained bruises and abrasions to her arms and legs, but did not seek medical treatment. There is insufficient evidence to prove the allegations alleged by a preponderance of the evidence. Thus, the allegations are Not Sustained.

### Officer Kenneth Brink #14390

COPA makes a finding of **Not Sustained** for allegations #1 - 2, in that Officer Brink grabbed an unknown male/black protester by the hair and struck an unknown male/black protester with a baton. Officer Brink stated that he encountered an unknown male/black protester and admitted pulling him by the shirt and possibly the hair Officer Brink denied striking the unknown male/black with a baton. Officer Brink did not know precisely the date, time, and location of the contact with the unknown male/black. There was no other evidence to support the allegations. There is insufficient evidence to prove the allegations alleged by a preponderance of the evidence. Thus, the allegations are Not Sustained.

Approved:	
	4/29/22
Sharday Jackson	Date
Deputy Chief Administrator – Chief Investigator	