



CIVILIAN OFFICE OF POLICE ACCOUNTABILITY

INTEGRITY • TRANSPARENCY • INDEPENDENCE • TIMELINESS

# QUARTERLY REPORT

# Q2 2022

**Andrea Kersten**

*Chief Administrator*

# Civilian Office of Police Accountability

## 2022 Second Quarter Report

April 1, 2022 – June 30, 2022

July 15, 2022

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# Message from the Chief Administrator

As we close out the second quarter of this year, I want to take a moment to highlight the amazing agency where I serve as Chief Administrator, the Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA). Later this year, COPA will celebrate its 5-year anniversary and we are excited about our future. Police reform and specifically COPA would not have made any significant progress without the hard work and dedication of our community partners, public safety leaders, elected officials, and the work of COPA staff, who work tirelessly, day and night, promoting accountability for the residents of Chicago; civilian and sworn.

Within COPA, members of the Senior Team and I decided during our last quarter, to make staff engagement a priority as we shape goals, strategies and initiatives for the agency. COPA staff, some of whom have worked decades in the field, provide substantial knowledge and expertise and are well capable and versed as subject matter experts. I was personally proud of the excitement surrounding goals, initiatives and input from staff and am excited to highlight their work in this report and throughout the year

In this report, you will also learn more about the Video Release and Transparency Unit (VRTU) which in the second quarter of 2022 became fully operational, COPA's new data portal, engagement with educational institutions, law enforcement, and COPA's first-ever participation in the City's Clean & Green initiative. At COPA, although independent, the agency does not believe it is necessary to be isolated. Being present and contributing to public safety, outside of our misconduct investigations, further demonstrates COPA as good neighbors and a part of the solution to many of the issues residents face today.

Additionally, because the work of police accountability and the traumatic impact on all involved, I am pleased to

report that in Q2, 2022, all members of COPA's investigatory staff completed training in trauma-informed interview techniques. This training provides interviewers with an interviewing framework that maximizes opportunities for information collection and accurately documents the participant's experience in a neutral, equitable, and fair manner. COPA is now better prepared than before to interact with civilians and law enforcement with additional techniques and sensitivity.

Lastly, COPA continues to remain steadfast in its commitment to achieving consent decree compliance. As of the last report published by the Independent Monitoring Team, COPA achieved preliminary compliance with 91% of its Consent Decree Requirements with approval of policies that satisfied numerous paragraphs in IMR5. This report will also highlight the approval of COPA's Major Case Incident Response, Sexual Misconduct Investigations and Case Management Systems policies.

The entire COPA team and I are grateful to serve this City at this very important time. We will continue the work to advance the culture of policing in Chicago and fulfill the mandate given to us.

The information herein reflects COPA's commitment to upholding sound investigative methodologies; conducting thorough, fair, objective, and timely investigations; and demonstrating transparency in our activities.

Sincerely,

**Andrea Kersten**

*Chief Administrator*



## VISION

**To be the leader in police accountability by conducting thorough investigations, to advance the culture of policing and build trust in civilian oversight.**



## MISSION

- **Provide a just and efficient means to fairly and timely conduct investigations within our jurisdiction**
- **Determine whether allegations of police misconduct are well-founded**
- **Identify and address patterns of police misconduct**
- **Make policy recommendations to improve the Chicago Police Department, thereby reducing incidents of police misconduct**



## VALUES

### INTEGRITY

COPA employees are committed to pursuit of excellence and hold themselves personally accountable for the quality and fairness of their work. Collectively, the COPA organization has been designed to deliver neutral and fair police misconduct investigation.

### TRANSPARENCY

COPA is committed to sharing information about its work to the utmost extent possible while preserving the integrity of the investigative process.

### INDEPENDENCE

As individuals and collectively, COPA employees carry out their responsibilities without regard for external influences or political consequences.

### TIMELINESS

COPA understands that time is of the essence in all matters. Complainants and officers alike want COPA investigations to be conducted as expediently as possible. COPA strives to conduct investigations that are both thorough and timely.

# Introduction

The Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA) is responsible for receiving all complaints of police misconduct involving the Chicago Police Department (CPD) and its members, and investigating complaints involving excessive force, domestic violence, coercion, verbal abuse, unlawful search or seizure, and unlawful denial of counsel. COPA also receives notifications of and investigates certain types of incidents including all officer-involved firearm discharges, all officer-involved deaths, custodial deaths, Taser discharges resulting in serious injury or death, and any incident involving an officer that results in serious bodily injury or death.

COPA is pleased to provide quarterly and annual report updates on its performance. This report provides information concerning operations and summary statistical data on investigative work from April 1, 2022, through June 30, 2022. To learn more, please visit [www.chicagocopa.org](http://www.chicagocopa.org).

## Operational Updates

### *Video Release and Transparency Unit*

In the second quarter of 2022, COPA's Video Release and Transparency Unit (VRTU) became fully operational. Currently, the VRTU, which consists of FOIA Officers (4), a Case Liaison, a Supervising Investigator, and a Director of Investigations, is responsible for the release of materials as stipulated in the City's Video Release Policy and Mayoral Executive Order No. 2021-1, as well as COPA's response to Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requests.

Since COPA's inception, the agency has remained committed to the timely release of public materials. Historically the tasks of obtaining and the release of materials were assigned to investigative, public affairs and legal support staff. Currently, the VRTU is entirely dedicated to organizing, redacting and reviewing materials. Transparency and timeliness, two of COPA's core values, are imperative to building public trust in law enforcement and the agency is excited to have a team solely dedicated to this important task.

In this past reporting period, COPA responded to over 100 Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requests and fulfilled ten Executive Order requests. COPA also posted to its website materials related to four incidents. See the Transparency Efforts section below for more information.

### *Consent Decree*

On April 11, 2022, the Independent Monitoring Team (IMT) published its fifth semi-annual report covering the reporting from July 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021. The IMT report provides an update on Chicago's compliance with the 2019 Consent Decree – *State of Illinois v. City of Chicago*. The published report found COPA to be in approximately 90 percent preliminary compliance.

While there remains significant work to reach full compliance, COPA is proud of its progress and is continuing to devote significant resources to this important issue. COPA remains on track to reach full compliance within the original timeline of five (5) years.

## *Data Portal*

COPA's team of data analysts is tasked with compiling and analyzing important agency data. Data is then leveraged with other city data sets to explore and offer insights into policing in Chicago. The team utilizes analytics to communicate its findings with stakeholders, both internally and externally. COPA's data team recently published a data dashboard portal that includes information regarding allegations of misconduct. The information included in the new portal provides more information regarding complaints, allegations, demographics, and closed investigations.

To view the new data portal, visit COPA's website at [Chicagocopa.org/data-cases](https://chicagocopa.org/data-cases).

## Community Engagement

### *Sexual Assault Awareness Month*

April of each year is Sexual Assault Awareness Month (SAAM) and is dedicated to raising awareness and providing education about sexual assault and sexual assault prevention. Approximately 1 out of every 6 women has been the victim of attempted or completed sexual assault. Approximately 1 out of every 10 sexual assault victims is male.

Since 2018, COPA staffed a dedicated Special Victims Squad (SVS) that works tirelessly to investigate incidents of sexual misconduct. These cases can be some of the most complex and challenging due to the sensitive and emotional subject matter. Additionally, the investigations are often filled with challenges such as lack of video evidence, lack of direct witnesses, and parallel criminal or civil investigations and court hearings.



Recognizing the agency's unique role in investigating and ultimately working to prevent sexual misconduct, COPA staff wore teal during April in solidarity with SAAM. The agency participated in several events that month including Mayor Lori E. Lightfoot's Start by Believing Campaign, the Healing Arts Reception: In Observation of Sexual Assault Awareness Month hosted by Alderman Matt Martin and Awakenings, and various external trainings hosted by the Chicago Alliance Against Sexual Exploitation (CAASE).



### *Wear Orange Day*

On June 3, 2022, members of COPA staff wore orange for the Orange Day for Gun Violence Awareness. This day, observed nationally on the first Friday in June and the following weekend each year, is in remembrance of Hadiya Pendleton, a high school student from the south side of Chicago who was shot and killed in 2013. COPA as an agency is committed to taking an active role in reducing gun violence in our city and beyond.



## *Clean and Green*

On Saturday, April 23, 2022, COPA joined Mayor Lori E. Lightfoot and other city departments for Chicago's Annual Clean & Green Day of Service. The event, which coincides annually with Earth Day, is an opportunity for residents, community groups and city departments to join together and beautify Chicago neighborhoods through the cleaning and maintenance of vacant lots. Beautification of neighborhoods is a vital component of public safety and COPA was proud to join in the effort.

The success of this event resulted in members of COPA's staff creating an internal committee that will plan additional clean and green events for staff, community members and organizations to participate in throughout the year. We anticipate future events being held in areas of the city that are most impacted by COPA's work.



## *2022 Pride Parade*

June 26, 2022, marked Chicago's Annual Pride Parade. Returning after a two-year hiatus, the parade was an exciting opportunity for members of COPA's staff to get out into the community for a festive celebration highlighting Chicago's vibrant LGBTQ community. COPA's investigative jurisdiction includes cases related to verbal abuse associated with one's sexual orientation. It is important for COPA as an agency to ensure members of all communities have access to and knowledge of the resources COPA has to offer.

## *Public Safety Town Halls*

Earlier this year, Mayor Lori E. Lightfoot held a series of community town halls regarding public safety needs throughout Chicago. COPA leadership and members of its staff attended these town halls and participated in discussions with City residents on issues related to public safety. Community events like these are great opportunities for COPA to hear directly from residents about issues or concerns they may have; many of which we take back to the agency and implement in our day-to-day operations.



## Additional Events

On June 27, 2022, COPA's Chief Administrator, First Deputy Chief Administrator and a Major Case Specialist presented to the latest class of recruits at the Chicago Police Academy. The dialogue provided an opportunity for the recruits to ask questions and discuss civilian oversight of the department. COPA presents to every new recruit class as well as promotional classes to ensure that new officers as well as officers recently granted supervisory responsibilities are aware of the investigatory processes implemented by the agency.



During the most recent reporting period, COPA continued its relationships with Nobel Neighbors, participating in four community events. Noble Neighbors is a community-based organization with the mission of improving the quality of life in Chicago's West Humboldt Park neighborhood. Additionally, COPA continued its work with Junior Achievement, participating in two of its recent career day events. Through these events, members of COPA staff meet with students interested in police oversight careers and discuss professional opportunities at COPA and beyond.



During the month of May, COPA conducted its mock investigation program at Gary Comer Middle School. Members of COPA's Investigative, Legal and Public Affairs Divisions spoke to over 125 students and explained the agency's investigative process and its role in police oversight. Staff from COPA educated students on agency operations through participation in a mock case investigation interactive exercise. Students had the opportunity through role-playing activities to serve as a civilian investigator, an attorney, or a witness of police misconduct and learn how COPA investigates and reaches its findings. As a result of COPA's visit, Gary Comer Middle School students received valuable exposure to the

Chicago Police Department's Use of Force policy and learned how COPA delivers accountability.

If you are interested in having COPA attend and/or present at one of your community meetings, please do not hesitate to reach out to a member of COPA's Public Affairs Team at [COPA-PublicAffairs@chicagocopa.org](mailto:COPA-PublicAffairs@chicagocopa.org)



Date	Community Meeting	Organization	Ward	Police District
Apr 2	Community Safety Youth Town Hall	City of Chicago	4	
Apr 5	Community Safety & Justice University 2022	Mikva Challenge		
Apr 6	Career Day: Focus on Forensic Science	Junior Achievement		
Apr 7	Community Safety & Justice University 2022	Mikva Challenge		
Apr 12	Leaders Network Community Meeting	The Leaders Network	28	11
Apr 19	Nobel Neighbors Community Meeting	Nobel Neighbors	26	25
Apr 21	Public Meeting of the Police Board	Chicago Police Board		
Apr 27	City Council Meeting	City Council		
May 4	MSRN Quarterly Community Meeting Hosted By Latinos Progresando	Latinos Progresando	12	10
May 10	Leaders Network Community Meeting	The Leaders Network	28	11
May 12	Junior Achievement of Chicago Career Day at John W. Garvy Elementary School	Junior Achievement of Chicago & CPS	41	16
May 13	Junior Achievement Virtual Career Event at Chicago Military Academy	Junior Achievement of Chicago & CPS	3	2
May 17	Nobel Neighbors Community Meeting	Nobel Neighbors	26	25
May 25	City Council Meeting	City Council		
May 26	Public Meeting of the Police Board	Chicago Police Board		
May 27	COPA Mock Investigation	Gary Comer Middle School	5	3
Jun 7	Noble Schools Southside Career & Resource Fair	Noble Network	9	5
Jun 14	LUCHA & PLAYSTREETS Block Party 1700 N Drake	LUCHA & PLAYSTREETS	26	14
Jun 14	Leaders Network Community Meeting	The Leaders Network	28	11
Jun 16	Public Meeting of the Police Board	Chicago Police Board		
Jun 17	Call for Peace Rally & March	Faith Community of St. Sabina	17	6
Jun 18	Juneteenth Jubilee & Resource Fair	Uptown United	46	19
Jun 21	Nobel Neighbors Community Meeting	Nobel Neighbors	26	25
Jun 22	City Council Meeting	City Council		
Jun 24	My Chi. My Future. Teen Summer Kickback at Fosco Park	City of Chicago	25	12
Jun 25	LUCHA & PLAYSTREETS Block Party 1400 N Rockwell	LUCHA & PLAYSTREETS	1	14
Jun 26	Chicago Pride Parade	Northalsted Business Alliance		
Jun 30	Pride Day Festival Hosted by Chicago Center for Arts and Technology (CHICAT)	Chicago Center for Arts and Technology (CHICAT)	28	12

## News Affairs

During the second quarter, COPA's News Affairs Division published twelve releases; four related to video and other materials in accordance with the city's video release policy and our commitment to transparency and providing updates regarding investigations. News Affairs is responsible for briefing local and national news outlets on matters related to updates on officer-involved shootings, high-profile incidents, release of materials or Summary Reports of Investigation (SRI) and the closing of investigations. Below is a list of press releases published this past quarter:

Date	Media Press Releases
Apr 01	COPA Releases Materials Related To The 2014 Officer-Involved Shooting Death of Desean Pittman in Coordination With Family
Apr 04	COPA Provides Update on Officer Involved Shooting Near 4200 W. Ford City Dr.
Apr 14	COPA Concludes Investigation into Fatal Officer-Involved Shooting of Adam Toledo
Apr 26	COPA Provides Update on Officer-Involved Shooting Near 112th & South Langley
May 03	COPA Releases Video & Other Materials Related to Fatal Officer-Involved Shooting Near 4200 W. Ford City Dr.
May 11	COPA Releases Video & Other Materials Related to Officer-Involved Shooting at the 25th District Police Station
May 19	COPA Provides Update on Officer-Involved Shooting Near 800 N. Cicero Ave.
Jun 02	COPA Releases Video & Other Materials Related to Off-Duty Officer-Involved Shooting Near 6500 W. Imlay Street
Jun 06	COPA Provides Update on Officer-Involved Shooting Near 6900 S. Sangamon
Jun 10	COPA Prohibited From Releasing Video & Other Materials of the Officer-Involved Shooting Incident Near 112th & South Langley
Jun 23	COPA Releases Summary Report and Findings Regarding 2020 Incident at Brickyard Mall and North Avenue Beach Involving Ms. Nikkita Brown
Jun 28	COPA Releases Video & Other Materials Related to Officer-Involved Shooting Near 6900 S. Sangamon

## Engagement via Social Media

COPA's News Affairs Division engages in a robust social media engagement strategy. Through the efforts of this team, the agency works with members of the public proactively to provide updates and other necessary outreach functions regarding much of COPA's work. We are seeking to continually enhance our outreach abilities and the agency is seeking to launch a presence on LinkedIn in the upcoming quarter. If you are interested in keeping up to date with COPA on social media, follow us on Twitter or Facebook [@ChicagoCOPA](#).

## Policy, Research, & Analysis Division

COPA's Policy, Research & Analysis Division (PRAD), is tasked with advancing our vision statement, fulfilling our mission, and supporting COPA's Consent Decree compliance. While COPA works to finetune and enhance internal policies, it is also tasked with strengthening and augmenting CPD policies, training, and practices.

## *Major Incident Response Policy*

On June 15, 2022, COPA published a policy governing Major Incident Response – Officer-Involved Shooting or Officer-Involved Death. This policy is designed to promulgate the response to such incidents as well as the necessary protocols and procedures to be followed by responding and supporting staff. The investigative actions addressed in this policy comply with the requirements of the Consent Decree. The policy itself was developed in consultation with COPA's Community Advisory Group and CPD and was ultimately approved by the Independent Monitoring Team. Feedback from these critical stakeholders has assisted COPA in finalizing a comprehensive policy that is aligned with best practices in civilian oversight. To view the policy in its entirety, visit COPA's website.

## Training & Professional Development Division

COPA remains committed to ensuring a properly equipped and well-trained workforce. As part of this commitment, COPA's Training and Professional Development Division (TPDD) regularly offers training opportunities for employees. While some of these trainings are mandated by the Consent Decree, many are part of our standard training curriculum and are designed to train and re-educate COPA employees on important protocols and policies.

### *COPA Academy*



All new COPA hires attend COPA Academy, a 10-week training program that educates staff on the necessary tools, legal framework, and investigatory practices that are necessary to COPA's operations. COPA's newly hired investigators attend the entirety of the Academy, while other staff members only attend parts of the curriculum that are applicable to their particular field. COPA Academy VII included 190.75 training hours spanned over 5 sections:

- New Hire Onboarding Orientation (NHOO): 25.5 Hours
- Basic Investigations: 35 Hours
- Investigative Concepts and Steps: 76.25 Hours
- Legal Concepts: 32 Hours
- Site Visits with Various Agencies: 22 Hours

On April 15, 2022, Class VII of COPA Academy graduated and was formally issued their Certificates of Completion and COPA badges. COPA is anticipating Class VIII of COPA Academy to take place in the fall of 2022.

## Training

COPA's Training and Professional Development Division provide opportunities for continued staff development as required by the Consent Decree. Training and professional development provides staff the opportunity to expand on skill sets, allowing for more thorough and judicial investigations. Ongoing training is also necessary to update staff on changes to police operations, modernized legislation or updated legal guidance.

### Consent Decree Training

In Q2 2022, COPA conducted one Consent Decree-mandated training over Disciplinary and Remedial Recommendations. This course was attended by 90 members of COPA staff.

In addition to the training above, TPDD has been identifying and cultivating a group of core faculty members to develop Consent Decree content. TPDD provided a faculty orientation on June 15, 2022, to a group of 13 Investigative and Legal staff. This session provided an overview of tips and best practices to create Consent Decree content. TPDD anticipates delivering the following topics in the fourth reporting period of 2022 and first reporting period of 2023:

- Major Case Review
- Compelled Statements
- Sexual Misconduct
- Complaint Register

### Non-Consent Decree Training

In the second quarter of 2022, COPA conducted nine trainings over Non-Consent Decree topics:

- Forensic Experiential Trauma Interview (FETI)
- Lead Homicide Investigation
- Performance Evaluation Training for Supervisors
- Initial Mid-Year Conference Information Session
- CMS New Feature Training
- Evidence.com Refresher
- Webinar: Understanding Brady and Giglio: Understanding Oversight's Role
- COPA Policy Question and Answer: Major Incident Response
- Major Incident Response Training (MIRT)

### Forensic Experiential Trauma Interview (FETI)

In Q2, 2022, all members of COPA investigatory staff completed training in trauma-informed interview techniques. This training provides interviewers with an interviewing framework that maximizes opportunities for information collection and accurately documents the participant's experience in a neutral, equitable, and fair manner. Subjects of COPA investigations, including both the complainant(s) and the involved department member(s), can, and often do, have lingering trauma associated with the incident being investigated. By applying trauma-informed interview principles, COPA investigators can collect accurate and reliable information about an incident while safeguarding involved individuals (sworn and civilian) who may continue to suffer from trauma.

## Illinois State Police

On March 30, 2022, 11 COPA staff attended the Illinois State Police site visit at the Forensic Science Center at Chicago. Topics included: S-C-E-N-E Principles of Crime Scene Management (Safety, Communication, Entry, Necessary Movement, Evidence), Scene Documentation, Evidence Collection and Packaging, Major Case Scene Management, Crime Scene Specialty Services and Court Testimony and Forensic Accountability.

## Chicago Police Department Training Academy

On March 31 and April 1, 2022, 14 COPA staff attended Chicago Police Department's Training Academy. COPA staff received instruction in Body Worn Cameras, Physical Skills (demonstration, Vehicle Pursuits, Tasers, Firearms and CIT (Crisis Intervention Training). COPA staff also had the opportunity to use the VirTra simulation system. This exercise allows the user to experience real-life situations including various use of force encounters.

## Art Institute of Chicago – Civic Wellness Program

COPA partnered with the Art Institute of Chicago to launch the inaugural Civic Wellness Program. 16 COPA staff attended the 3-hour program on March 25, 2022. COPA staff were taken on a guided tour to view and discuss various pieces of art throughout the museum. Concepts of bias, community, social justice and objectivity were explored through art. This experience provided a unique way for COPA staff to examine topics that are sometimes difficult to discuss. The museum environment provides a safe space to have honest and open conversations, resulting in engagement through thoughtful and meaningful ways. Not only did this experience provide a platform to discuss how bias and objectivity impact their work, but teambuilding was also achieved through collaboration and respectful idea sharing. Moving forward, this program will be built into COPA Academy curriculum.



## *New Hire Orientation*

During this last reporting period, COPA onboarded three new employees:

- Intake Aide
- Administrative Assistant II
- Director of Public Affairs

## *COPA Internship*

During Q2, 2022, COPA onboarded one intern assigned to Investigations while accepting applications for Fall 2022 internship opportunities.

# Information Systems Division

COPA's Information Systems (IS) Division is responsible for ensuring the agency's systems and technical functions remain operational. In addition to serving this important technical function, the division also maintains a team of information analysts dedicated to promoting the agency's data and analytical needs.

To best serve the needs of our community partners and residents of Chicago, COPA's Information Systems Division has begun taking a more active role in COPA's community engagement efforts. In Q2, 2022, the team worked alongside the Chicago Department of Public Health (CDPD) to present available COPA data sets to CDPH's Data Academy. This academy teaches important analytical tools and skills to individuals engaged in frontline work for residents of Chicago. During the academy, COPA was given the opportunity to educate participants about what COPA does and how participants could access and study much of the agency's public data. Several months later, COPA returned to the CDPH Data Academy for the attendees' graduation.

On June 8, 2022, IS staff, along with COPA leadership, met with individuals studying policing at Northwestern University's Networked Sciences for Networked Cities Institute. The institute is designed to promote new and innovative ways for the university's faculty, students and experts to engage communities to address core problems facing residents of Chicago and beyond.

During the quarter, COPA's IS Division finished a long-planned hardware replacement for many of the computers used by COPA staff. As the agency continues to migrate much of its work to case management systems and online data repositories, it is imperative that the agency's technology has the capabilities to handle these complex systems. All COPA's legacy equipment that was removed during the replacement has since been recycled.

# Published Cases

In line with COPA's commitment to transparency and to better inform the public about the timeline of police misconduct investigations, the agency will highlight summaries of published cases quarterly. COPA strives to complete investigations in a timely manner, and once an investigation is concluded, COPA issues findings and/or recommendations for discipline to

the Superintendent of Police. COPA's ordinance requires the Superintendent to respond within 60 days, though the Superintendent may request to extend the review period for up to 30 additional days, for a total review period not to exceed 90 days. The Superintendent's response to any COPA recommendations of discipline or other remedial action, if applicable, will determine the extent of the additional review processes that follow. These review processes may include, but are not limited to, review by the City of Chicago Department of Law, hearing before the Chicago Police Board, grievance filings, and arbitration.

COPA will post its Final Summary Report, which will include COPA's analysis of the evidence and investigative findings and recommendations, on its website upon the conclusion of the Superintendent's review or, if applicable, following service of disciplinary charges by the Department of Law on any involved officer.

### *Excessive Force Incident – August 28, 2021*

On August 28, 2021, at approximately 12:19 a.m., Ms. Nikkita Brown was walking her dog on the North Avenue Beach when Officer Bruce Dyker approached in his vehicle and ordered her to leave the beach due to the park being closed. Officer Dyker would exit his vehicle and continue to direct her to leave the beach during which Ms. Brown was simultaneously voicing her concerns about Officer Dyker not being masked and invading her personal space. The situation began to escalate, and Officer Dyker initiated the use of physical force, grabbing Ms. Brown's arm and body. The two struggled until Officer Dyker released Ms. Brown and she exited the beach.

Officer Dyker received eight allegations of misconduct as a result of the incident, seven of which were found Sustained and one that was found Not Sustained. The full Summary Report of Investigation can be found at: <https://www.chicagocopa.org/case-summaries/log2021-0003402/>

Note: Due to a pending criminal investigation into (former) Officer Dyker, COPA has redacted the Dyker's statement from the Summary Report of Investigation.

### *Excessive Force Incident – May 31, 2020 / August 25, 2020*

In the wake of George Floyd's death in Minneapolis, Minnesota on May 26, 2020, large scale protests and demonstrations took place throughout the country – including Chicago. These resulted in thousands of police and civilian encounters, many fraught with emotion. A significant number of these incidents were recorded and went viral on various social media platforms.

One incident that gained significant attention in Chicago took place on June 1, 2020, at approximately 3:00 pm, when police approached a vehicle occupied by the complainant in the parking lot of the Brickyard Mall. Officers engaged with the vehicle and its occupants (including the complainant), attempting to gain access to the vehicle while requesting the occupants exit. The vehicle's driver responded by accelerating away, however the parking lot was occupied by a sizeable group of officers who swarmed the vehicle. CPD members began striking the vehicle's windows with their batons, breaking several of them. All occupants besides one would exit under their own power. However, before the complainant had a chance to do so, officers would forcefully remove her, pulling the complainant by her hair and taking her to the ground.

Simultaneous to the stopping and detention of the vehicle's occupants, an individual who witnessed the situation approached members of CPD and attempted to prevent them from detaining the occupants. An officer responded to this interference using a number of profanities and derogatory remarks. The same officer would later interact with the aforementioned

witness, during which the witness struck the officer while the officer continued to make more derogatory remarks towards the witness.

This case involved a significant amount of evidence and involved individuals, including members of CPD and witnesses. Ultimately a total of 10 Department Members would receive allegations, two which were sergeants. Charges to members ranged from Exoneration to Separation. Additionally, a member was found to have made false, incomplete, inaccurate and/or misleading statements to COPA during an interview on August 25, 2020.

The full Summary Report of Investigation can be found at: <https://www.chicagocopa.org/case-summaries/log2020-0002128/>

### *Officer-Involved Shooting – August 31, 2018*

On August 31, 2018, officers on routine patrol in the vicinity of 7600 S. Kingston observed a vehicle commit a traffic violation. The officers activated their emergency equipment and conducted a traffic stop. Officers approached the vehicle and requested information from the vehicle's occupants before returning to their squad car to conduct a name check. While conducting the check, the vehicle's driver exited and ran. The officers began pursuing the driver when after a short period of time, the driver turned and fired a single shot in the direction of the officers. Both officers returned fire, however, no bullets struck the fleeing driver. Shortly thereafter the suspect gave up chase as he encountered a tall fence. The officers placed the suspect in custody.

After a thorough use of force analysis, COPA found both officers' use of force to be objectively reasonable under the totality of the circumstances. Therefore, COPA found the use of force to be In Policy.

The full Summary Report of Investigation can be found at: <https://www.chicagocopa.org/case-summaries/log1090884/>



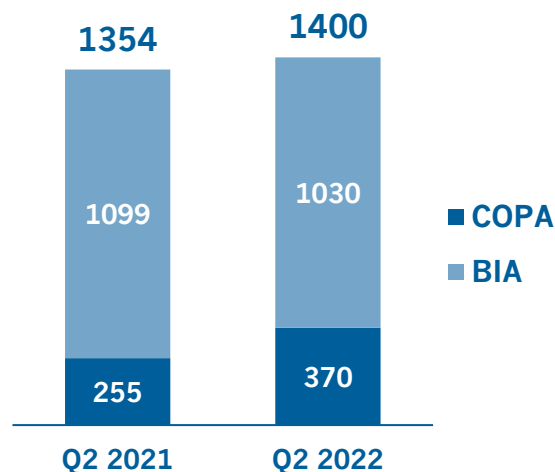
# Investigative Data

To fulfill the requirements of COPA’s enabling ordinance (MCC § 2-78-150), the agency queried relevant databases in which complaint and operational data is recorded to retrieve the information analyzed for this report covering the period from April 1, 2022, through June 30, 2022. The data contained in this report represents the most accurate information available at the time of publication. Moreover, the information stored in the database is dynamic and can change as an investigation progresses. For example, an allegation category may change as an investigation uncovers additional evidence, or a case previously concluded may be reopened. Thus, the numbers reported here are subject to future revision, and historical comparative data presented may vary slightly from previous reports. Data herein is presented in an order similar to COPA’s investigative process: intake, pending investigations and concluded investigations.

## Intake

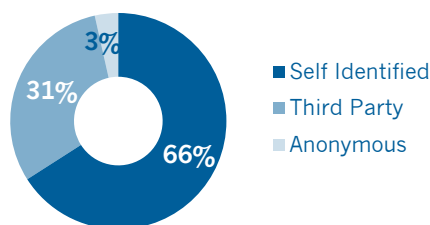
It is important to note that COPA can only report on the complaints and notifications it receives—it cannot account for individuals who have, or believed they have, experienced CPD member misconduct, but have not filed a complaint or the conduct did not generate a notification to COPA. Therefore, with respect to COPA’s intake, all numbers represent the number of reported complaints and notifications of actual or perceived misconduct. COPA’s intake process documents the number of complaints received but there may be multiple allegations of misconduct, potentially involving multiple CPD members, contained in a single complaint.

During Q2 2022, COPA received 1,400 complaints and notifications, a slight increase (3%) compared to same period last year. Of the total intake in Q2 2022, 1030 fell outside of COPA’s investigative jurisdiction and were referred to the Bureau of Internal Affairs (BIA). The complaints referred to BIA included criminal conduct, operational violations not involving civilian contact, or other less serious complaints not otherwise within the jurisdiction of COPA. At the end of the quarter, COPA retained 370 (26%) complaints and notifications for investigation.

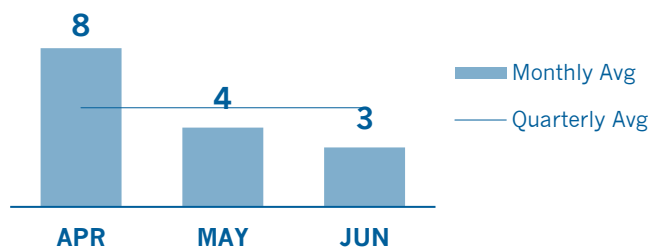


Number of complaints and notifications received

In Q2 2022, two-thirds of complaints under COPA jurisdiction were reported by a self-identified complainant (244), about a third were reported by a third party (113), and the rest are anonymous (13). Moreover, the average time from receipt of complaint to the next or initial contact with the complainant or representative is 5 days.



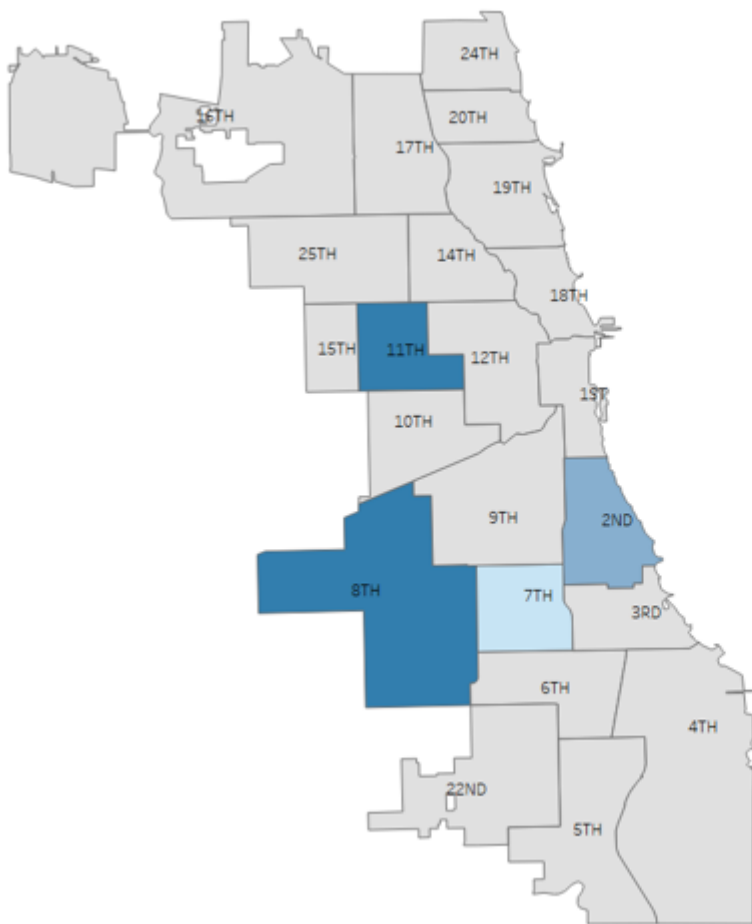
Complainant type (Q2 2022)



Average days to the next or initial contact (Q2 2022)

## Location of Incidents by District

During Q2 2022, Districts 11 (Harrison), 8 (Chicago Lawn), 2 (Wentworth), and 7 (Englewood) were among Districts with the highest number of incidents that resulted in complaints and notifications under COPA's jurisdiction. The table and map below display the geographic distribution of intake under COPA's jurisdiction.



District map highlighting Q2 2022 data

Police District	Q2 2021	Q2 2022
1st - Central	15	10
2nd - Wentworth	5	23
3rd - Grand Crossing	8	14
4th - South Chicago	15	13
5th - Calumet	11	20
6th - Gresham	13	17
7th - Englewood	15	22
8th - Chicago Lawn	5	26
9th - Deering	10	12
10th - Ogden	11	13
11th - Harrison	23	26
12th - Near West	6	12
14th - Shakespeare	8	4
15th - Austin	10	16
16th - Jefferson Park	6	12
17th - Albany Park	3	10
18th - Near North	5	18
19th - Town Hall	5	12
20th - Lincoln	2	8
22nd - Morgan Park	12	8
24th - Rogers Park	5	9
25th - Grand Central	11	9

Number of incidents by police district



## Complainant Demographic Information<sup>1</sup>

The following figures are based on demographic information provided by self-identified complainants or subjects of police-involved incidents in which COPA is notified by the CPD. In Q2 2022, more than half of the complainants or subjects were male (61%). Two-thirds were Black or African American (66%). In addition, most of the complainants or subjects were between the ages of 20 and 39 years old (44%).

Complainant Gender	Total	%
Female	75	20%
Male	228	61%
Unknown	69	19%

Complainant Race/Ethnicity	Total	%
Black or African American	244	66%
Latinx	37	10%
White	17	5%
Unknown	74	20%

Complainant Age	Total	%
19 & below	28	8%
20-29	83	22%
30-39	83	22%
40-49	52	14%
50-59	31	8%
60-69	6	2%
70-79	1	0%
Unknown	88	24%

## Accused Member Demographic Information<sup>1</sup>

The following figures are based on demographic information of accused members during Q2 2022. Majority of the accused members were male (88%). Two-fifths were White (41%). Moreover, two in five accused members were between the ages of 30 and 39 years old (40%).

Accused Member Gender	Total	%
Female	61	12%
Male	450	88%

Accused Member Race/Ethnicity	Total	%
Asian	20	4%
Black or African American	92	18%
Latinx	178	35%
White	208	41%
Unknown	13	3%

Accused Member Age	Total	%
20-29	111	22%
30-39	203	40%
40-49	121	24%
50-59	61	12%
60-69	5	1%
Unknown	10	2%

<sup>1</sup> Demographic information gathered during investigation: self-reported and/or available on CPD reports/records.

## Allegations by Category

A single complaint may contain multiple allegations against one or more CPD members. During Q2 2022, COPA recorded 660 allegations against CPD members. The most common allegations involved Fourth Amendment violations (i.e., improper search or seizure of either individuals or property), making up 46% of all allegations, followed by excessive force, making up 21% of all allegations. These categories have consistently constituted COPA's largest percentage of allegations on a quarterly basis.

Allegation Type	Q2 2021	Q2 2022
Abuse of Authority	1	2
Coercion	1	4
Court Violation	2	0
Domestic Violence	23	20
Excessive Force	117	137
Failure to Provide Proper Care in Custody	0	4
Firearm Discharge at Animal	1	3
Firearm Discharge-Accidental	2	1
Firearm Discharge-Fatal	0	2
Firearm Discharge-Injury	4	6
Firearm Discharge-No Contact	2	6
Firearm Discharge-Officer Suicide	0	1
First Amendment	0	1
Improper Search or Seizure	165	301
Incident in Custody	5	0
Making a False Report, Written or Oral	1	1
Miscellaneous Notification	0	1
Operational Violation	59	124
Sexual Misconduct	0	14
Taser Discharge-Injury or Death	3	2
Traffic	0	1
Unnecessary Display of Weapon	14	5
Verbal Abuse	22	24
<b>Total</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>660</b>

*Number of allegations recorded under COPA jurisdiction*

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The table below is a breakdown of allegations recorded in Q2 2022 by allegation type and police district.

Allegation Type	Police District																								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	22	24	25			
Abuse of Authority						1		1																	
Coercion												4													
Domestic Violence		1						4					1		1	3	1	1		1			1		1
Excessive Force	5	9	14	7	3	3	14	5	6	6	16	2	1	17	3	3	10	5		1	2	1			
Failure to provide Proper Care in Custody																								4	
Firearm Discharge at Animal					1	1					1														
Firearm Discharge-Accidental												1													
Firearm Discharge-Fatal								1																	
Firearm Discharge-Injury		1			3		1				1														
Firearm Discharge-No Contact				1			1	2							1									1	
First Amendment	1																								
Improper Search or Seizure	14	12	11	11	22	12	24	26	11	8	33	8	3	22		8	27		14	4	4	2			
In Process-Allegation Pending	2	3	3		3	6	3	2	5	3	1	3	1		5		1	3	1		2	1			
Making a False Report, Written or Oral																	1								
Miscellaneous Notification												1													
Operational Violation	6	7	3	4	10	2	3	16	11	3	17			5	2		4	5	2	6	7	2			
Sexual Misconduct		2		1	1		2	3							1				1						
Taser Discharge-Injury or Death																		1							
Unnecessary Display of Weapon				1										2				1	1						
Verbal Abuse	1			1	3		2	4		1				5		2	2	2		1					
<b>Total</b>	29	35	31	26	46	25	50	64	33	21	69	19	6	51	13	16	46	18	19	13	15	12			

*Number of allegations recorded under COPA jurisdiction by police district (Q2 2022)*

## Affidavits

On February 22, 2021, the State of Illinois amended the Uniform Peace Officers' Disciplinary Act to allow for the filing of a complaint against a sworn CPD member without a sworn Affidavit or other legal documentation. The elimination of the sworn

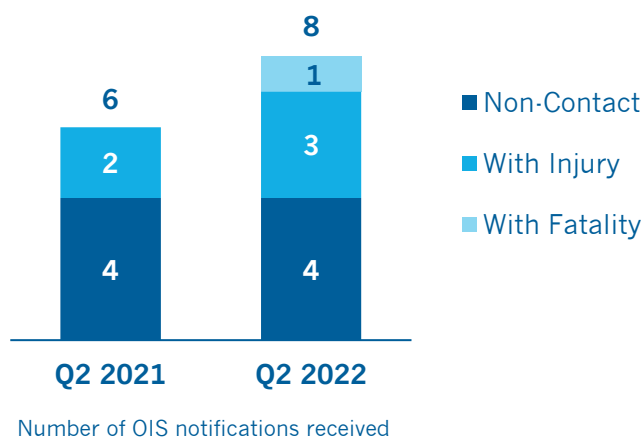
Affidavit requirement applies to any collective bargaining agreements entered into by the City of Chicago and the police unions representing sworn CPD members after July 1, 2021.<sup>2</sup>

On September 16, 2021, the City of Chicago ratified new collective bargaining agreement terms with the Fraternal Order of Police Chicago Lodge #7 which removed the sworn Affidavit requirement. For complaints received anonymously or from a citizen complainant that does not wish to disclose his or her identity, COPA must still seek “certification” from the Chief of BIA through procedures similar to those associated with seeking an Affidavit Override. COPA is otherwise no longer obligated to secure an Affidavit in support of a complaint against sworn CPD members below the rank of Sergeant.

Where an Affidavit Override is sought, in support of such a request, the Chief Administrator will provide the BIA Chief with the evidence suggesting that the investigation should continue, which may include arrest and case reports, medical records, statements of witnesses and complainants, video and audio recordings, and photographs. If the BIA Chief concurs with the Chief Administrator that continued investigation of the allegation(s) is necessary and lawful, even without a complainant’s Affidavit, the BIA Chief will execute a sworn Affidavit and COPA investigation will proceed. On the other hand, if the BIA Chief disagrees that continued investigation is warranted, COPA’s investigation of the allegations is concluded. The process is similar for complaints retained by BIA that requires an Affidavit Override. In Q2 2022, COPA requested 1 Affidavit Override.

### *Officer-Involved Shootings (OIS)*

The figures shown in this section exclude firearm discharges related to animal shootings, accidental discharges, and officer suicides. In Q2 2022, COPA received 8 notifications of an officer-involved shooting: 4 were non-contact, 3 involved non-fatal injuries, and 1 involved fatality. This is 33% increase compared to same period last year (6).



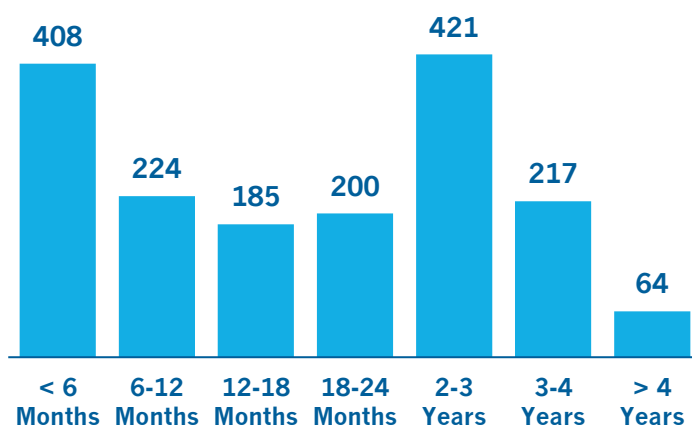
COPA concluded 2 OIS cases this past quarter: 1 resulted in a Sustained finding on fatal OIS and 1 had an Exonerated finding on non-conact OIS. One officer involved in shooting incident was recommended for Separation.

<sup>2</sup> On February 22, 2021, the State of Illinois amended the Uniform Peace Officers’ Disciplinary Act to allow for the filing of a complaint against a sworn Department member without a sworn Affidavit or other legal documentation. The elimination of the sworn Affidavit requirement applies to any collective bargaining agreements entered into by the City of Chicago and the police unions representing sworn Department members after July 1, 2021.

## Pending Investigations

At the end of Q2 2022, COPA had 1,719 pending cases under investigation. This is a 2% reduction over Q2 2021 (1749) and slight increase of 4% from last quarter (1660).

The 1,719 pending investigations encompass a total of 6,217 allegations. Of these, 41% concern allegation(s) of improper search or seizure (Fourth Amendment violations). Another 17% concern allegations of excessive force. Together they make up 58% of the total allegations that remained under investigation at the end of Q2 2022.



Number of pending cases by aging period (Q2 2022)

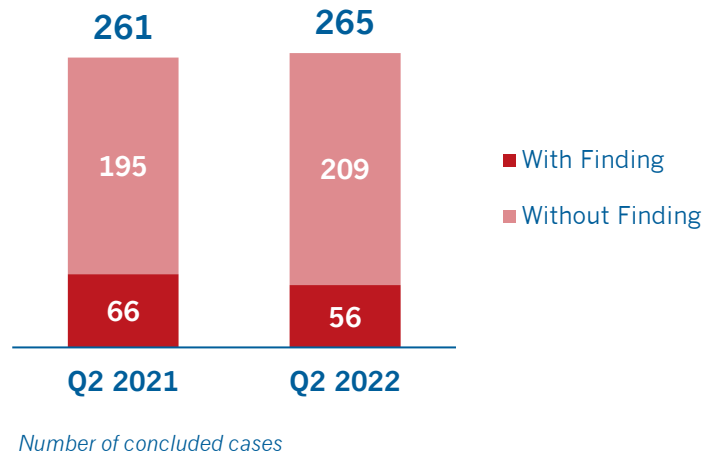
Allegation Type	Total Allegations
Abuse of Authority	42
Civil Suits	5
Coercion	34
Court Violation	30
Denial of Counsel	3
Domestic Violence	206
Excessive Force	1071
Failure to provide Proper Care in Custody	10
Firearm Discharge at Animal	8
Firearm Discharge-Accidental	23
Firearm Discharge-Fatal	11
Firearm Discharge-Injury	45
Firearm Discharge-No Contact	53
Firearm Discharge-Officer Suicide	1
First Amendment	16
Improper Search or Seizure	2563
Incident in Custody	56
Making a False Report, Written or Oral	76
Miscellaneous	23
Miscellaneous Notification	8
Motor Vehicle Incident-Fatal	37
OC Discharge-Injury or Death	1
Operational Violation	1462
Sexual Misconduct	43
Taser Discharge-Injury or Death	14
Traffic	21
Unnecessary Display of Weapon	105
Verbal Abuse	250
<b>Total Allegations</b>	<b>6217</b>

Number of allegations remained under investigations by type (Q2 2022)



## Concluded Investigations

In Q2 2022, COPA concluded a total of 265 investigations, a 2% increase over Q2 2021. Of these investigations, 56 were concluded with findings and 209 were concluded without findings.



### Investigations Concluded with Finding

A “finding” is determined when after a fair, thorough, independent investigation, sufficient proof is obtained to warrant a determination that one of the four categories shown in the box, entitled Finding Types. As will be discussed below, several factors may contribute to an investigation concluding without reaching a finding.

COPA makes investigative findings of Sustained and Not Sustained based on the “Preponderance of Evidence” standard in which the evidence must show it is “more likely than not” that the incident did or did not occur as alleged. However, in accordance with the March 1, 2019, Consent Decree, findings of Unfounded and Exonerated must be supported by “Clear and Convincing” evidence. Clear and Convincing evidence is a higher standard than Preponderance of Evidence, but less than “Beyond a Reasonable Doubt.”

#### Finding Types

**Sustained:** The allegation was supported by sufficient evidence (“Preponderance”) to justify disciplinary action. Recommendations of disciplinary action may range from Violation Noted, to Suspension, to Separation from the Chicago Police Department.

**Not Sustained:** The allegation was not supported by sufficient evidence (“Preponderance”) to prove or disprove the allegation.

**Unfounded:** The allegation was not supported based on facts revealed through investigation, or the reported incident did not occur, as shown by “Clear and Convincing Evidence.”

**Exonerated:** The incident occurred, but the action taken by the officer was lawful and proper, as shown by “Clear and Convincing Evidence.”

During Q2 2022, COPA concluded 56 cases and issued findings on 452 allegations of misconduct. Of the total closed cases with findings, 32 were Sustained. Of the total allegations with findings, 169 were Sustained.

Case Finding	Q2 2021	Q2 2022
Sustained	41	32
Not Sustained	11	13
Unfounded	5	5
Exonerated	9	6
<b>Total</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>56</b>

*Number of closed cases by finding*

Allegation Finding	Q2 2021	Q2 2022
Sustained	277	169
Not Sustained	163	110
Unfounded	70	76
Exonerated	152	97
<b>Total</b>	<b>662</b>	<b>452</b>

*Number of allegations by finding*

The table below depicts the outcome of misconduct investigations during Q2 2022 broken down by allegation type and finding.

Allegation Type	Sustained	Not Sustained	Unfounded	Exonerated
Abuse of Authority	1		2	2
Coercion	4	3	2	1
Domestic Violence	11	1		
Excessive Force	24	27	25	13
Firearm Discharge-Accidental	1			
Firearm Discharge-Fatal	1			
Firearm Discharge-No Contact				1
Improper Search or Seizure	18	27	19	59
Making a False Report, Written or Oral	3	1	1	
Miscellaneous	3			
Miscellaneous Notification	4			
Motor Vehicle Incident-Fatal		1		1
OC Discharge-Injury or Death		1		1
Operational Violation	86	35	23	19
Taser Discharge-Injury or Death	1			
Unnecessary Display of Weapon	8	3	3	
Verbal Abuse	4	11	1	
<b>Total</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>97</b>

*Number of closed cases with finding by allegation type (Q2 2022)*

## Recommended Discipline

At the end of an investigation in which COPA sustains one or more allegations, the agency recommends discipline of the accused member to CPD. However, it is ultimately up to CPD and/or the Chicago Police Board to come to a final decision regarding discipline. During Q2 2022, COPA recommended 168 disciplinary charges on sustained allegations of misconduct.

Additionally, COPA recommended disciplinary charges to 57 CPD members with sustained allegations of misconduct. Of those, 2 members recommended for Separation and 50 members for Suspension.

Sustained Allegations	Q2 2021	Q2 2022
Non-Disciplinary Outcome	13	1
Disciplinary Charges	227	168
Total	240	169

*Number of sustained allegations*

Recommended Discipline	Q2 2021	Q2 2022
Violation Noted	10	0
Reprimand	3	5
Suspension: 1-29 Days	26	29
Suspension: 30 Days or More	28	21
Separation	27	2
Total	94	57

*Number of CPD members recommended for discipline*

## Investigations Concluded With No Finding

In Q2 2022, COPA concluded 209 cases without findings. COPA undertakes a vigorous preliminary investigation of every new complaint within COPA jurisdiction to determine the substance of a complaint, investigative viability, and sufficiency of available evidence. After thorough review, there may be circumstances where closing an investigation without reaching one of the above finding types is the most appropriate, reasonable or only available conclusion.

### No Finding Closures

**Duplicative Information:** Complaints addressing matters already received and related to existing cases.

**Non-Complaint Information:** Information provided to COPA that does not allege misconduct or otherwise does not involve members of CPD.

**Declination to Cooperate or Inability to Follow-up:** Though COPA has made a good faith effort to obtain cooperation, the complainant has affirmatively declined or, through investigative follow-up, COPA's efforts to locate and/or contact the complainant to obtain additional information have been unsuccessful. Additionally, there exists a lack of other independent objective evidence (typically in the form of testimony from known witnesses or audio/video recordings) to proceed with an investigation without the complainant's participation.

**Discontinued Investigation:** Though the alleged misconduct involves a CPD member and falls within COPA's jurisdiction, COPA's efforts to follow-up and gather evidence, which may be substantial and include complainant cooperation, reveal that insufficient evidence exists to reach an affirmative finding.

**Closed with Potential to Re-Open:** Though the alleged misconduct involves a CPD member and falls within COPA's jurisdiction, the accused CPD member is unavailable or unable to respond to the allegations of misconduct, there exists civil litigation addressing the allegations of misconduct, or the CPD member leaves employment with the Chicago Police Department during the pendency of the investigation. COPA regularly reviews these closed cases to determine whether circumstances have changed such that the case should be considered for re-opening.

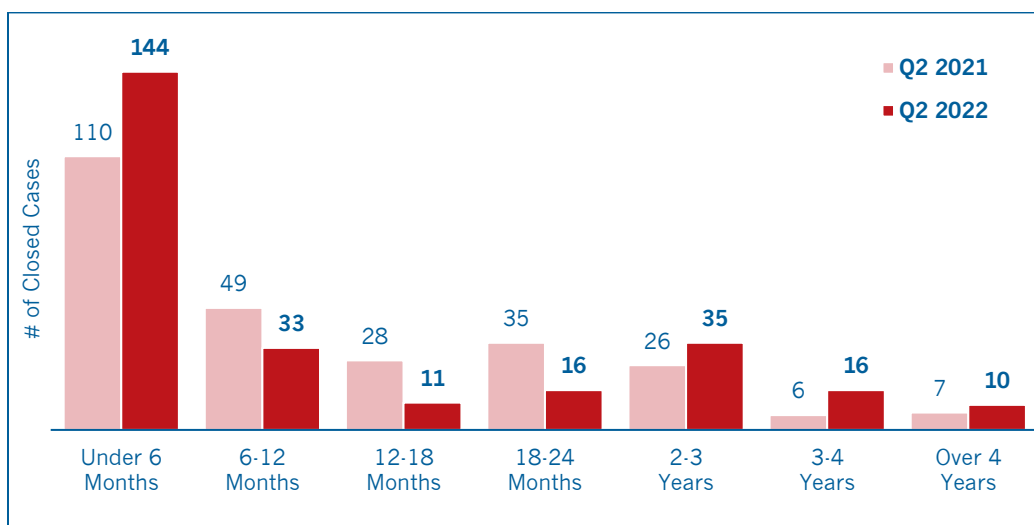
COPA may conclude an investigation without findings for various reasons, including but not limited to the following, which represent the most common reasons cited:<sup>3</sup>

In Q2 2022, 86% of all cases closed with no finding (179) were the result of Duplicative Information or Non-Complaint Information. Fifteen percent (23) were placed in Closed with Potential to Re-Open. COPA also closed 3% of cases without finding as a result of referral to another agency (7).

## Length of Investigation

COPA strives to conclude its investigations within six months of receiving a complaint of misconduct or a notification from the CPD of a police-involved incident for investigation. Pursuant to municipal ordinance, MCC § 2-78-135, when COPA is unable to conclude its investigation within six months, notice to the complainant and any CPD member who is the subject of the investigation, must be provided and include the general reasons for delay. Some investigations, such as OIS incidents and incidents involving excessive force, may conclude beyond the six-month timeframe as they are, by nature, more complex, often involve multiple parties, and require an intricate analysis of collected evidence.

Of the 265 concluded investigations during Q2 2022, more than half (54%) were completed within 6 months and 12% or 33 were completed in 6-12 months. Overall, 66% of closed cases were concluded in less than one year. Of the 56 closed cases with finding in Q2 2022, 16% or 9 were completed within 18 months. Of the 209 closed cases with no finding in Q2 2022, 83% or 134 were completed within 1 year.

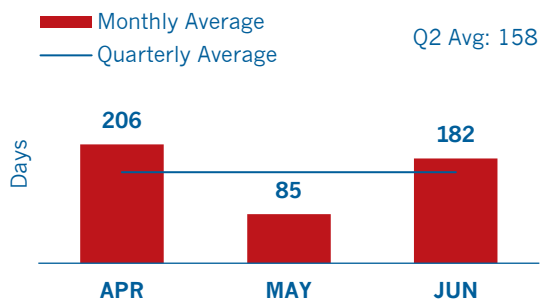


*Length of investigations of closed cases by aging period*

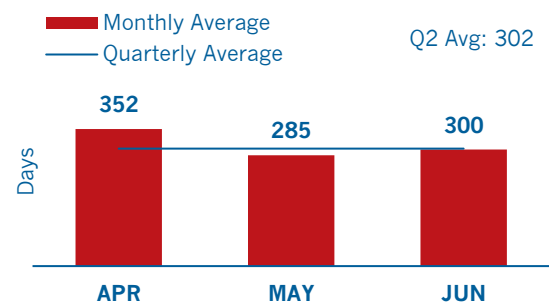
<sup>3</sup> COPA's prior Quarterly and Annual reports have referenced terminology associated with closure statuses utilized in COPA's case management systems (i.e., Administrative Closure, Administrative Termination, Close Hold, No Affidavit, Within Policy, etc.) to describe reasons for no finding closure. This terminology is subject to change as COPA continues to enhance data collection and reporting efforts through its case management system. Therefore, in the interest of increased internal and external comprehension, this report does not employ the same terminology as prior reports.

## Length of Post Investigation

Once COPA completes its investigation of a case and issues findings and recommended disciplines, the case may go through additional steps (i.e., Superintendent review, grievance process, arbitration, and/or Police Board hearing) before it reaches a final disposition. During Q2 2022, the average time from the investigative findings and recommendations to a final disciplinary decision<sup>4</sup> is 158 days. Additionally, the average time from the investigative findings and recommendations to a final disposition<sup>5</sup> is 302 days.



Average days from investigative findings to final disciplinary decision (Q2 2022)



Average days from investigative findings to final disposition (Q2 2022)

## Police Board Review Decision

The Chicago Police Board is tasked with deciding disciplinary cases when the Superintendent of Police files charges to discharge a sworn officer from CPD and rules on disagreements between the COPA Chief Administrator and the Superintendent of Police. During instances of disagreement between the COPA Chief Administrator and the Superintendent of Police, a single Police Board Member decides if the Superintendent of Police met the burden to overcome the Chief Administrator's recommendation. If the Superintendent does not meet this burden, the Chief Administrator's recommendation shall be deemed accepted by the Superintendent; if the recommendation is to discharge the officer from the CPD, a case is to be filed for hearing and consideration by the full Police Board. If the Superintendent meets this burden, the Superintendent's response shall be implemented.

In Q2 2022, the Police Board decided 3 COPA-investigated discharge cases and 7 disagreement cases.

Discharge Cases	Total
Guilty, Discharged	2
Guilty, Suspended	0
Not Guilty	0
Charges Withdrawn - Respondent Resigned	1
Charges Withdrawn - Other	0

Disagreement Cases	Ruling for COPA	Ruling for CPD
Discharge from CPD	2	0
Suspension > 30 Days	1	3
Suspension 11 - 30 Days	1	0
Suspension 1-10 Days or Reprimand	0	0

<sup>4</sup> The final disciplinary decision occurs after the conclusion of the process described in MCC 2-78-230(a).

<sup>5</sup> The status of a misconduct investigation after the final disciplinary decision, and any grievance process, arbitration, Police Board proceeding, or appeal relating to the final disciplinary decision.

## Demographic Information<sup>6</sup> of Complainants and Accused Members in Concluded Cases

The tables below display the demographic information of complainants or subjects in concluded cases with finding during Q2 2022.

Gender	Total	%
Female	116	73%
Male	35	22%
Non-Binary	1	1%
Unknown	6	4%

Race/Ethnicity	Total	%
Black or African American	30	52%
Latinx	7	12%
Middle Eastern	2	3%
White	8	14%
Unknown	11	19%

Age	Total	%
0-19	7	12%
20-29	16	28%
30-39	11	19%
40-49	11	19%
50-59	3	5%
Unknown	10	17%

The tables below depict the demographic information of accused members in concluded cases with finding during Q2 2022.

Gender	Total	%
Female	11	9%
Male	105	87%
Unknown	5	4%

Race/Ethnicity	Total	%
Asian	3	2%
Black or African American	24	20%
Latinx	42	35%
Native American	1	1%
White	45	37%
Unknown	6	5%

Age	Total	%
20-29	25	21%
30-39	41	34%
40-49	30	25%
50-59	19	16%
Unknown	6	5%

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<sup>6</sup> Demographic information gathered during investigation: self-reported and/or available on CPD reports/records.

# Additional Data Reporting

## Referrals

COPA may partially or fully refer a matter to another agency for a variety of reasons. For example, if COPA determines in the course of a preliminary investigation that the accused officer is a member of a police department other than the CPD, COPA fully refers the matter to the responsible employer. A partial referral occurs when COPA retains its administrative investigation, but shares certain information with another agency, for instance, when COPA's investigation reveals potential criminal violations. In accordance with COPA's ordinance, COPA may also refer complaints to the City of Chicago Office of Inspector General. In Q2 2022, COPA referred 12 cases to other agencies.

Agency	No. of Referrals
Chicago Office of Inspector General	1
Cook County State's Attorney's Office	5
Cook County Sherriff's Department	2
Cook County Office of the Independent Inspector General	1
Illinois State Police	1
Lake County Indiana Sherriff's Office	1
Stickney Police Department	1

## Transparency Efforts

Since the enactment of the City's Video Release Policy in 2016, COPA has released certain evidentiary materials collected during investigations of OIS incidents and of any incident resulting in death or great bodily harm occurring while in police custody or as a result of Taser discharge. Pursuant to the City's Video Release Policy, and subject to legal restrictions, COPA conducted 8 transparency postings in Q2 2022, releasing 91 related materials as were permitted by law. This included 41 videos (body-worn, third party, and in-car camera), 26 audio recordings (Office of Emergency Management & Communications and 911 calls), 24 reports (Tactical Response, Case Incidents and Arrest Reports). The table below reflects the cases for which materials were released in Q2 2022, including releases that have been delayed due to an extension request made to the City or by a third party, and/or withheld because of a court order, if any. To view materials posted previously, please visit <https://www.chicagocopa.org/data-cases/case-portal/>.

Log Number	Type	Link to Available Materials
2020-0003466	Firearm Discharge	<a href="https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-0003466/">https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-0003466/</a>
2022-0001369	Firearm Discharge	<a href="https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001369/">https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001369/</a>
2022-0001298	Firearm Discharge	<a href="https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001298/">https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001298/</a>
2022-0001334	Firearm Discharge	<a href="https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001334/">https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001334/</a>
2022-0001844	Firearm Discharge	<a href="https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001844/">https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001844/</a>
2022-0001742	Firearm Discharge	<a href="https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001742/">https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001742/</a>
2022-0001664	Firearm Discharge	<a href="https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001664/">https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0001664/</a>
2022-0002295	Firearm Discharge	<a href="https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0002295/">https://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2022-0002295/</a>



## Complaints per Member

Per COPA's ordinance, the agency must report on the number of **total complaints (COPA and BIA investigations combined) filed against each member** in each CPD district during the quarterly or annual reporting period. In the table below, the first column displays the name of each police district in which at least one member has been the subject of a complaint. The header row displays the number of complaints. So, the first line would be understood as: "Of members assigned to 1<sup>st</sup> District, 28 members each has 1 complaint, 3 members each has 2 complaints, 2 members each has 3 complaints, and 1 member has 5 complaints."

Police District	Number of Complaints						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1st District - Central	28	3	2		1		
2nd District - Wentworth	39	11	1				1
3rd District - Grand Crossing	39	6	1				
4th District - South Chicago	52	5		1			
5th District - Calumet	42	9	3		1		
6th District - Gresham	44	12	1				
7th District - Englewood	35	6	5		1		
8th District - Chicago Lawn	45	11	1	1			
9th District - Deering	20	5	1				
10th District - Ogden	37	6					
11th District - Harrison	48	8	2	2			
12th District - Near West	28	6					
14th District - Shakespeare	23	2					
15th District - Austin	40	7	1				
16th District - Jefferson Park	26	3	1				
17th District - Albany Park	34	6					
18th District - Near North	42	8	2	1	1		
19th District - Town Hall	26	4	1				
20th District - Lincoln	27						
22nd District - Morgan Park	21	1	1				
24th District - Rogers Park	25	2					
25th District - Grand Central	40	8					

*Number of members with corresponding number of complaints (Q2 2022)*

## Members with Multiple Completed Investigations

The table below shows the number of CPD members who have been the subject of more than two completed misconduct investigations in the previous 12 months (July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022).

Number of Member	Total Completed Investigation
9	3
1	4
1	5

## Members with Multiple Sustained Allegations

The following table depicts the number of CPD members who have had more than one sustained allegation of misconduct in the previous 12 months<sup>7</sup>.

Number of Member	Total Sustained Allegation
72	2
39	3
25	4
11	5
8	6
5	7
1	8
1	9
1	10
4	11
1	13
1	15
1	16
1	22

## Discriminatory Policing<sup>8</sup>, Allegation of Excessive Force, and Allegation of Improper Search or Seizure

The following tables represent the number of CPD members who have been the subject, in the previous 12 months<sup>7</sup>, of more than two complaints in the following classifications of allegations, regardless of the outcome of those investigations: discriminatory policing, excessive force, or improper search or seizure.

Number of Member	Total Allegation of Discriminatory Policing
2	3
1	4

Number of Member	Total Allegation of Excessive Force
20	3
10	4
3	5
1	6
1	7
1	9

Number of Member	Total Allegation of Improper Search or Seizure
33	3
15	4
9	5
4	6
2	7
1	9

**END OF REPORT**

<sup>7</sup> July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022

<sup>8</sup> Discriminatory policing based on an individual's membership or perceived membership in an identifiable group, based upon, but not limited to, race, physical or mental disability, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, religion, and age.



CIVILIAN OFFICE OF POLICE ACCOUNTABILITY

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