

2020 2nd QUARTER REPORT

April 1, 2020 - June 30, 2020

Sydney R. Roberts
Chief Administrator

Civilian Office of Police Accountability 2020 Second Quarter Report

July 15, 2020

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MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATOR

On behalf of the Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA), I am pleased to present the second quarter report (Q2) for 2020. This report provides data and analysis of COPA's investigative work, and updates on strategic operational initiatives from April 1, 2020 to June 30, 2020.

As we approach the halfway point of 2020, we must acknowledge the challenges our agency and City faced over the last several months which began in early April with staff working remotely due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Throughout these past months we have continued to take complaints, conduct officer and complainant interviews and close cases. As an agency that believes transparency and engagement are core principles to building trust, we continued to respond to all correspondences, FOIA requests, met virtually with residents and organizations, issued the 2020 1st Quarterly report and facilitated seven (7) transparency releases all while staff worked from home.

As a result of protests following the death of Mr. George Floyd, and the civil unrest witnessed in Chicago and nationally, COPA received an unprecedented number of complaints within a two-week time period. By Saturday, May 30, 2020, COPA began assessing, triaging and responding to complaints in real time. COPA also formed a specialized team of investigative personnel to swiftly investigate the most egregious complaints and coordinate with local and federal law enforcement entities for those matters rising to the level of criminal violations. While we have seen Department members exercise restraint and professionalism, we have also witnessed behavior that appeared both objectionable and excessive. Consistent with our core value of Transparency, COPA launched a new data portal on its website which provides investigative updates and information on protest related complaints by date, category and incident location. Building trust during these unprecedented times demands that COPA be vigilant in its commitment to keep the public informed (www.chicagocopa.org/data-cases/).

As the dialogue of police reform continues on both a national and local level, specifically as it relates to use of force, it is important that we bear in mind the following:

- police reform cannot happen with just a civilian oversight and accountability system;
- police reform cannot happen without a civilian oversight and accountability system; and
- even when policing is reformed, we will still need a civilian oversight and accountability system to provide trust and legitimacy to the actions of law enforcement officers.

Chicago's history of civilian oversight and accountability has existed since 1974, and while the desire to improve exists, significant progress in the efficacy of our oversight, administrative investigations and impact upon the Department have been made and are highlighted in this report. We are moving in the right direction and remain honored to serve in this capacity.

More details on COPA's operations in O2 2020 can be found in the following report. COPA's previous quarterly and annual reports, as well as its data dashboards, can be found on our website at www.chicagocopa.org.

Sincerely, Sydney R. Roberts, Chief Administrator

INTRODUCTION

The Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA) is responsible for receiving all complaints of police misconduct involving the Chicago Police Department (Department) and its members, and investigating complaints involving excessive force, domestic violence, coercion, verbal abuse, unlawful search or seizure, and unlawful denial of counsel. COPA also receives notifications of and investigates certain types of incidents including all officer involved firearm discharges, all officer involved deaths, custodial deaths, Taser discharges resulting in serious injury or death, and any incident involving an officer that results in serious bodily injury or death.

The mission of COPA is to:

- Provide a just and efficient means to fairly and timely conduct investigations within our iurisdiction:
- Determine whether allegations of police misconduct are well-founded;
- Identify and address patterns of police misconduct; and
- Make policy recommendations to improve the Department, thereby reducing incidents of police misconduct.

COPA is pleased to provide quarterly and annual report updates on its performance. The report provides information concerning operations and summary statistical data on investigative work from April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020. To learn more, please visit www.chicagocopa.org.

OPERATIONAL UPDATES

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

One of the staples and additions to COPA, not in place in previous iterations of civilian oversight in Chicago, is our robust community engagement. When first launched, our engagement strategy focused on connecting with impacted residents in areas with high levels of police interactions and police complaints as well as partnering with elected officials, faith leaders, community organizations and the constituents they serve. Since that time, we have continued to expand our engagement efforts to touch the broader Chicago community. Engaging the community in person served as the bedrock of our engagement strategy. Meeting with law enforcement, elected officials, impacted families and residents at community organizations, Aldermanic Ward meetings, libraries and other city social service agencies led to direct contact with over 10,000 people in 2019.

Developing strategies to engage residents of the City of Chicago during the pandemic and stay at home order required a new approach. COPA's Public Affairs team embarked on a virtual engagement strategy. This strategy proved successful in large part to the previously established relationship developed with key partners and stakeholders that has served to build our credibility within the community. In person interactions were replaced with virtual presentations, social media posts, email

and phone calls with residents, complainants, and organizations. Of critical importance, COPA also created and conducted virtual meetings with impacted families of officer involved shootings prior to the transparency release of video and other materials from the shooting incident.

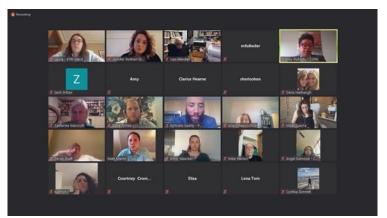


Chief Sydney Roberts presenting at the Chicago Police Accountability Forum 2020

Virtual Community Meetings

COPA's vision is to be the leader in police accountability. Serving as a resource and subject matter expert to other municipalities by sharing lessons learned has become a routine occurrence. Chief Administrator Sydney Roberts joined city officials from Philadelphia to share COPA's internal functions and structure, ordinance, current jurisdiction, investigative and discipline process as well as the importance of community engagement. Because of Chicago's long history of police accountability and recent reform efforts by COPA, the foundation for municipalities to establish civilian oversight in police accountability can be greatly accelerated.

Locally, COPA participated in numerous town hall meetings with elected officials and met with inspired youth. COPA engages with youth and educational institutions as a means to introduce the importance of civilian oversight and police accountability. Educational institutions provide our agency the opportunity to share information concerning legal concepts, such as reaching conclusions based upon the totality of circumstances, understanding objective reasonableness, proportionality, and reaching findings based upon a preponderance which is COPA's required burden of proof in administrative investigations and necessity when using force. Presentations to National Lewis University students and interns from the 46th Ward introduces young people to police accountability, improves positive interactions with law enforcement and offers a potential career path in police oversight.



COPA participated in a virtual community meeting with 47th Ward Alderman Matt Martin and his constituents



Virtual COPA Presentation for Students at National Louis University

Date	Virtual Community Meeting	Community Area	Police District
4/11/20	Virtual Leaders Network Meeting	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
4/15/20	Virtual City Council Meeting		
		Qual Manual	2
4/16/20	Virtual Chicago Police Board Meeting	3rd Ward	2
4/20/20	Virtual Public Safety Committee Meeting		
4/21/20	Virtual City Council Meeting		
5/14/20	Virtual COPA Presentation for Students at National Louis University		
5/20/20	Virtual City Council Meeting		
5/21/20	Virtual Chicago Police Board Meeting	3rd Ward	2
6/16/20	Facebbok Live Community Forum on Police Reform with Alderman Matt Martin and constituents	47th Ward	19 & 20
6/17/20	Virtual City Council Meeting		
6/18/20	Virtual Chicago Police Board Meeting	3rd Ward	2
6/25/20	Virtual Meeting with Alderman James Cappleman, his staff and interns	46th Ward	19 & 20
6/26/20	Chicago Police Accountability Virtual Forum		

Engagement via Social Media

Utilizing social media platforms during the pandemic and stay-at-home order, COPA seized on the opportunity to re-educate and re-introduce COPA to the community. We posted investigative statistical reports, career opportunities, instructions on how to file a complaint, quarterly report information and press statements. We also shared helpful tips and information from the City of Chicago Public Health Department.



Engagement via Media Outlets

During this quarter, COPA also maximized our engagement and transparency efforts via mainstream media outlets. COPA issued the following media releases to keep the community abreast of its investigative efforts:

Media Press Releases *	Date
COPA Provides Statement on Video Release of Officer Involved Shooting in CTA Grand Red Line Station	April 28
COPA Statement on Belmont Cragin	June 4
COPA Statement on Officer Using Homophobic Slur	June 6
COPA Provides Update on Officer Using Homophobic Slur	June 10
COPA Releases Protest Related Data on New Portal	June 18
COPA Provides Update on Protest Related Complaints & Incidents	June 30
# For details along which were this second of	

^{*} For details, please visit www.chicagocopa.org/press/

COPA's Response & Engagement Efforts following the Protests in Response to the Death of George Floyd.

The death of George Floyd sparked considerable unrest in our country, specifically within the City of Chicago. As a result of protests and incidents between law enforcement and residents of the city of Chicago, COPA immediately positioned the agency to address a potential increase in complaints.

Strategically COPA implemented:

- 1. a specialized team of investigative personnel to review and respond to complaints in realtime.
- 2. coordinated with the Cook County State's Attorney's Office (CCSAO) and Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI),
- 3. conducted daily internal briefings,
- 4. communicated with alderman, activist as well as faith and community stakeholders,
- 5. issued press releases to engage and inform the general public.

COPA received a total of 591 complaints from Friday, May 29, 2020 through June 11, 2020. As of June 30th, COPA received an additional 33 protest identified complaints for a total of 404 complaints of police misconduct related to the protest that followed the death of Mr. George Floyd. During this 13-day period COPA received the number of complaints it typically receives in an entire month.

These complaints include allegations of excessive force, verbal abuse, improper search and seizure, as well as unlawful denial or right to counsel and a host of operational violations that have been referred to the Department's Bureau of Internal Affairs.

Protest Engagement and Transparency Efforts

In a demonstrated effort to our commitment to Transparency, COPA launched a data portal on our website that provided members of the public an opportunity to view protest related data. This data includes:

- All Complaints Reported from May 29th thru June 11th
- Protest Related Complaint Data
- Protest Related Complaint Heat Map (by Police District)
- Protest Investigation Information

COPA also actively engaged the media to further communicate investigative activity and developments. Following the death of George Floyd, locally, COPA Chief Administrator Sydney Roberts joined City of Chicago Mayor Lori Lightfoot and newly appointed Superintendent of the



Chief Sydney Roberts, Mayor Lori Lightfoot and Superintendent David Brown

Chicago Police Department, David Brown to assure the residents of the City of Chicago of its

commitment to responsible policing and police accountability. Chicago remains at the forefront of civilian oversight and police accountability and has since 1974.

COPA released 6 press statements updating the public on recommendations, protest related investigations, CPD officers who were relieved of police powers pending the outcome of administrative investigations and general investigations that resulted in recommendations of termination of officers.

Engaging New & Current Complainants

Operating in a remote capacity required COPA to temporarily modify how it receives complaints. The benefit of phone and web-based complaints helped limit the amount of in person interaction between staff and complainants for the safety of both parties. Scheduled and audio and video recorded interviews of complainants and witnesses served as an adequate alternative to in person meetings.

COPA also afforded complainants direct access to members of COPA's Public Affairs team by creating a voicemail system and an email account to receive updates on investigations and to submit questions. A significant improvement embedded in the fabric of COPA's operation is its engagement with and connection to the community - a key recommendation from both the Department of Justice (DOJ) and Police Accountability Task force (PATF). During the period of May 29, 2020 – June 11, 2020 the Public Affairs team received over 100 email and voicemail messages requesting information and case updates.

TRAINING & PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

In-Service Training

COPA is committed to ensuring its staff have the requisite training to meet the demands presented and challenges associated with investigating police misconduct and building trust in civilian oversight. During the second quarter of 2020, COPA's Training and Professional Development Department (TPDD) offered 9 in-service training courses and webinars, 4 of which were required by the Consent Decree and presented by COPA's subject matter experts.

Training Topic	Date of Training	# of Participants
NACOLE Webinar: Discussion of Strategies for Jails, Prisons, and Oversight Bodies during the COVID-19 Crisis	March 24, 2020	33
NACOLE Webinar: Impact of COVID-19 on Oversight Bodies and Strategies to Move Forward	April 3, 2020	26
NACOLE Webinar: Mediator's Perpective on Officer-Civilian Mediations	April 13, 2020	20
NACOLE Webinar: Advocating for Jail and Prison Reporm During COVID-19 and Beyond	April 29, 2020	5
ACD Max Call Center Training	May 21, 2020	22
Evidence Collection *	May 7, 2020	75
CPD Rules and Directives **	June 3, 2020	80
Domestic Violence *	June 10, 2020	72
Lock-Up Procedures **	June 18, 2020	80

Consent Decree Requirement for Investigative Staff
Consent Decree Requirement for Inestigative and Legal Staff

INVESTIGATIVE DATA ANALYSIS

The reported data is as accurate as possible as of June 30, 2020. However, information stored in the database can change as an investigation progresses. For example, an allegation category may change as an investigation uncovers additional evidence, or a case previously concluded may be reopened. Data herein is presented in an order similar to COPA's investigative process: received complaints and notifications, pending investigations and concluded investigations.

INTAKE

It is important to note that COPA can only report on the complaints and notifications it receives—it cannot account for individuals who have, or believed they have, experienced Department misconduct, but have not filed a complaint or the conduct did not generate a notification to COPA. Therefore, with respect to COPA's intake, all numbers represent the number of reported complaints and notifications of actual or perceived misconduct. COPA's intake process documents the number of complaints received but there may be multiple allegations of misconduct contained in a single complaint.

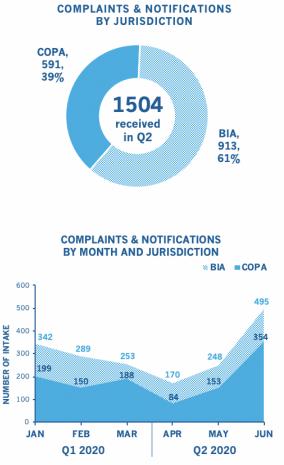
Complaints and Notifications

At the start of the 2_{nd} quarter, COPA saw a significant drop in the number of complaints normally received – a consequence of which we attributed to the COVID-19, Stay-at-Home Order entered during the last week of March 2020. In April, the number of complaints and notifications dropped by 42.4% from March.

At the end of the 2_{nd} quarter however, COPA saw a rapid rise in complaints which corresponded with the protest and civil unrest following the death of George Floyd, who was killed while being taken into custody by members of the Minneapolis Police Department, Minnesota. As a result, the number of complaints and notifications in June increased by 112% in just a month. Overall, COPA received 1504 complaints and notifications. Of the total intake, 913 fell outside of COPA's investigative jurisdiction and were referred to the Bureau of Internal Affairs (BIA). At the end of the second quarter, COPA had retained 591 complaints and notifications for investigation.



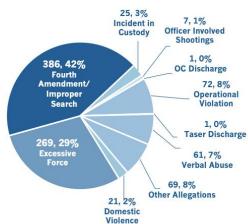
For more detailed Q2 complaint data during COVID-19 and the protest and civil unrest following the death of George Floyd, see appendix.



Allegations by Category

In the 2nd quarter, of the 591 complaints within COPA's jurisdiction, there were 912 allegations of misconduct. Of the total allegations, fourth amendment/improper search and seizure and excessive force violations represented 42% and 29% respectively. These categories continue to represent the largest percentage of the complaint allegations retained for investigation on a quarterly basis.

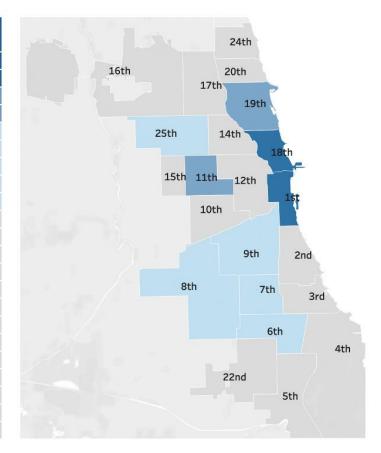




Complaints and Notifications by District

In previous reporting periods, complaints of police misconduct occurred more often in districts 11 (Harrison), 6 (Gresham) and 7 (Englewood). In this quarter, however, the number of complaints by district shifted due to a high volume of complaints made during the two-week period of protests. Districts 18 (Near North), 1 (Central) and 19 (Town Hall) had the highest number of complaints and notifications under COPA's jurisdiction. The map and table below display the geographic distribution of intake under COPA's jurisdiction.

DISTRICT	# of Complaints & Notifications
18th - Near North	45
1st - Central	43
19th - Town Hall	35
11th - Harrison	31
8th - Chicago Lawn	25
6th - Gresham	23
9th - Deering	22
25th - Grand Central	21
7th - Englewood	20
2nd - Wentworth	18
15th - Austin	17
3rd - Grand Crossing	15
4th - South Chicago	15
22nd - Morgan Park	15
10th - Ogden	14
12th - Near West	14
16th - Jefferson Park	14
5th - Calumet	13
14th - Shakespeare	11
17th - Albany Park	9
24th - Rogers Park	7
20th - Lincoln	6



Affidavits

State law and applicable collective bargaining agreements require that, in most instances, a sworn Affidavit be signed by the complainant when an allegation of misconduct is made against a Department member. In signing the Affidavit, the complainant is stating under oath or affirmation that the allegation made is true and correct.

COPA attempts to secure an Affidavit from the person filing a complaint. In so doing, COPA will seek to meet/contact with the complainant in person, by phone, mail, social media and email. If COPA is unable to identify the complainant, COPA may conduct a canvass of the area where the incident occurred, speak with witnesses and follow other leads. Where COPA is unable to obtain an Affidavit in support of a complaint, and independent and corroborating evidence is found suggesting that a full investigation is warranted, COPA's Chief Administrator may request an Affidavit Override from the BIA Chief. In support of such a request, the Chief Administrator will provide the BIA Chief with objective, verifiable evidence that the investigation should continue, which may include obtaining arrest and case reports, medical records, statements of witnesses and complainants, video and audio recordings, and photographs. If the BIA Chief concurs with the Chief Administrator that continued investigation of the allegation is necessary and lawful, even without a complainant's Affidavit, the BIA Chief will execute a sworn Affidavit and COPA investigation will proceed. On the other hand, if the BIA Chief disagrees that continued investigation is warranted, then the complaint is concluded. The process is similar for complaints retained by BIA for lack of a signed Affidavit.

During the quarter, COPA requested 5 Affidavit Overrides. All those requests were granted. Similarly, BIA requested 5 Overrides from COPA. All were approved.

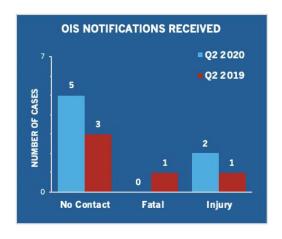
PENDING INVESTIGATIONS

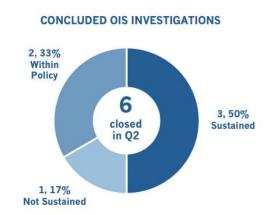
At the conclusion of the quarter, COPA had 1849 misconduct complaints under investigation. This is a 16.14% increase from Q2 2019 (1592 pending complaints) and 19.75% increase from Q1 2020 (1544 pending complaints).

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OFFICER INVOLVED SHOOTINGS (OIS)

In this quarter, COPA received 7 notifications of officer involved shootings: 5 were non-contacts and 2 involved non-fatal injuries at the time of this reporting. COPA concluded 6 OIS investigations: 3 resulted in Sustained finding that the shooting did not comply with CPD's Use of Force policies, 1 was Not Sustained and 2 were found to be consistent, within CPD's Use of Force Policies. The figures shown below exclude firearm discharges related to animal shootings, accidental firearm discharges and officer suicides.





CONCLUDED INVESTIGATIONS

Investigations Concluded with Finding

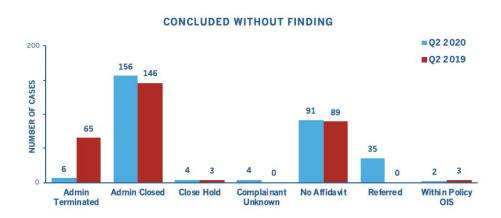
A "finding" is determined when after a fair, thorough, independent investigation, sufficient proof is obtained to warrant a determination of Sustained, Not Sustained, Unfounded or Exonerated. During this quarter, COPA concluded 75 investigations with findings on 129 allegations. Of the 27 Sustained findings, COPA recommended Separation in 8 investigations.





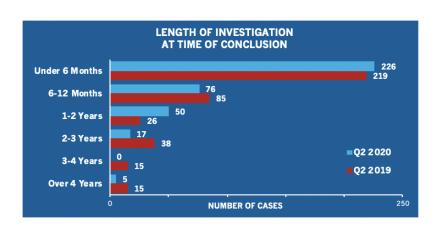
Investigations Concluded Without Finding

COPA strives to conclude full and thorough investigations and reach findings, but there exist circumstances when closing an investigation without reaching one of the above findings is the most appropriate, reasonable or only available conclusion. These cases are noted as "Concluded Without Finding." During this quarter, COPA concluded 298 investigations without findings. Of the total investigations concluded without findings, 30% were closed for lack of sufficient independent evidence to meet the standard for an affidavit override.



Length of Investigation

COPA strives to conclude its investigations within six months of receiving a complaint of alleged misconduct or a notification from CPD of the incident for investigation. Pursuant to Chicago Ordinance MCC 2.78-135, when COPA is unable to conclude its investigation within six months, notice to the complainant and Department member who is the subject of an investigation, must be provided including the general reasons for a delay in closing the investigation within the six-month time period. Some investigations, such as OIS incidents and Excessive Force cases, may conclude beyond the sixmonth timeframe as they are, by nature, more complex, often involving more parties, and require an intricate analysis of collected evidence.



Of the 373 concluded investigations, 60% (226) were completed within 6 months and 20% were completed between 6 and 12 months. Overall, 80% of closed cases were concluded in less than one year.

ADDITIONAL DATA REPORTING

TRANSPARENCY EFFORTS

Since the enactment of the City's Video Release Policy in 2016, COPA has released certain evidentiary materials collected during investigations of OIS incidents and of any incident resulting in death or great bodily harm occurring while in police custody or as a result of Taser discharge. Pursuant to the City's Video Release Policy, and subject to legal restrictions, COPA released such materials as were permitted by law for 7 investigations. The table below reflects the investigations for which materials were released in this quarter. It also highlights the releases that have been delayed due to an extension request made to the City or a third party, and/or withheld because of a court order, if any.

Log Number	Туре	Link to Available Materials
2020-1703	Firearm Discharge	http://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-1703/
2020-1671	Firearm Discharge	http://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-1617/
2020-1097	Firearm Discharge	http://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-1097/
2020-1086	Firearm Discharge	http://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-1086/
2020-1006	Other Use of Force	http://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-1006/
2020-1000	Firearm Discharge	http://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-1000/
2020-0988	Firearm Discharge	http://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-0988/
2020-0672	Firearm Discharge	http://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-0672/
2020-0717	Other Use of Force	http://www.chicagocopa.org/case/2020-717/

REFERRALS

COPA may partially or fully refer a matter to another agency for a variety of reasons. For example, if COPA determines in the course of preliminary investigation that the accused member is actually a member of a police department other than the Chicago Police Department, COPA fully refers the matter to the responsible employer. A partial referral occurs when COPA retains its administrative investigation, but shares certain information with another agency, for instance, when COPA's investigation reveals potential criminal violations. COPA also refers complaints to the City of Chicago Office of Inspector General when proper jurisdiction is in questions or a matter is in COPA's jurisdiction to investigate but a possible conflict of interest could prevent COPA from investigating.

Agency	No. of Referrals
Chicago Office of Inspector General	1
Cook County State's Attorney's Office	1
CCSAO & FBI	5
Chicago Heights Police Department	1
Harvey Police Department	1
Park Forest Police Department	1
University of Chicago Police Department	1

COMPLAINTS PER MEMBER

Per COPA's ordinance, the agency must report on the number of total complaints (both COPA and BIA) filed against each CPD member in each Department district during the quarterly or annual reporting period. In the table below, the first column displays the name of each unit in which at least one member has been the subject of a complaint. The second column lists the number of members who were the subject of the number of complaints listed in the third column. So, the first line would be understood as: "Of members assigned to 1st District, 17 members each has 1 complaint, 3 members each has 2 complaints and 1 member has 6 complaints." Totals are the sums of number of members multiplied by number of complaints.

Unit of Assignment	# of Members	# of Complaints	Total for Unit
	17	1	
1st District - Central	3	2	29
	1	6	
	26	1	
2nd District - Wentworth	3	2	35
	1	3	
	19	1	
3rd District - Grand Crossing	7	2	54
ord District - Grand Crossing	1	7	34
	1	14	
	35	1	
4th District - South Chicago	1	2	40
	1	3	
	19	1	
5th District - Calumet	3	2	54
Sui District - Caldinet	2	3	34
	1	23	
	33	1	
	5	2	
6th District - Gresham	1	3	79
out District - Gresilani	1	4	/9
	1	6	
	1	23	
	33	1	
7th District - Englewood	6	2	49
	1	4	
	42	1	
8th District - Chicago Lawn	4	2	53
	1	3	
	20	1	
9th District - Deering	3	2	34
	1	8	

Unit of Assignment	# of	# of	Total for Unit
	Members	•	Unit
	23	1	
10th District - Ogden	2	2	34
	1	3	
	1	4	
	46	1	
11th District - Harrison	1	2	55
	1	3	
	1	4	
12th District - Near West	20	1	24
TEST DISCIPLY TIOUS TIOUS	2	2	
	25	1	
14th District - Shakespeare	2	2	35
	2	3	
	18	1	
15th District - Austin	1	4	42
	1	20	
16th District - Jefferson Park	20	1	26
Total District - Series sorri ark	1	6	20
17th District - Albany Park	12	1	16
17th District - Albany Fark	2	2	10
18th District - Near North	28	1	40
18th District - Near North	6	2	40
	25	1	
19th District - Town Hall	6	2	48
19th District - Town Hall	1	3	40
	2	4	
20th District - Lincoln	11	1	11
22nd District Morgan Park	20	1	34
22nd District - Morgan Park	7	2	34
24th District - Rogers Park	12	1	20
	4	2	20
25th District - Grand Central	31	1	33
Zour District - Grand Central	1	2	55

Unit of Assignment	# of Members	# of Complaints	Total for Unit
Recruit Training	24	1	30
	3	2	
Airport Law Enforcement Unit - North	2	1	2
Marine Unit	4	1	4
Special Investigations Section	1	1	1
Police Board	1	1	1
Office of Superintendent	1	1	1
Legal Affairs Section	1	1	1
Bureau of Internal Affairs	1	1	1
Finance Division	1	1	1
Human Resources Division	4	1	4
Education and Training Divsion	11	1	13
Education and Training Division	1	2	13
Research and Development Division	1	2	2
Chicago Alternative Policing Strategy Division	1	1	1
Unit 138	1	1	1
Office of First Deputy Superintendent	1	1	1
Bureau of Patrol	1	1	1
Traffic Section	5	1	5
Records Inquiry Section	1	1	1
Field Services Section	1	1	1
Central Detention	1	1	1
Unit 181	1	1	1
Youth Investigation Section	1	1	1
Narcotics Division	8	1	11
I VAI COUCS DIVISION	1	3	11
Intelligence Section	1	1	1

Unit of Assignment	# of Members	# of Complaints	Total for Unit
Gang Investigation Section	1	1	1
Asset Forfeiture Investigation Section	1	4	4
Medical Services Section	1	1	1
OEMC-Detail Section	1	1	1
Forensic Services - Evidence Technician Section	1	1	1
Gang Enforcement - Area Central	2	1	2
Gang Enforcement - Area South	1	1	1
Gang Enforcement - Area North	1	1	1
Canine Unit	1	2	2
Special Weapons and Tactics Unit	4	1	4
Unit 414	1	1	1
FOP Detail	1	1 5	6
Unit 604	1	2	2
Central Investigations Division	1	1	1
Major Accident Investigation Unit	2	1	2
Bureau of Detectives - Area	9	1	15
Central	3	2	13
Bureau of Detectives - Area South	4	1	4
Bureau of Detectives - Area North	7	1	9
Dureau of Detectives - Area North	1	2	3
Unit 631	1	1	1
Unit 640	3	1	3
Unit 650	4	1	6
	1	2	
Public Transportation Section	2	1	1

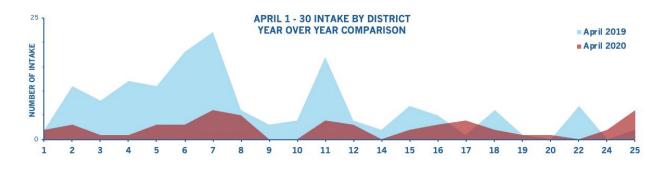
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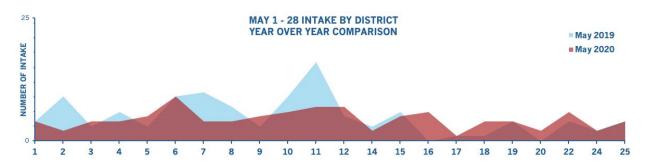
APPENDIX

COMPLAINT DATA DURING COVID-19 STAY-AT-HOME ORDER APRIL 1, 2020 - MAY 28, 2020

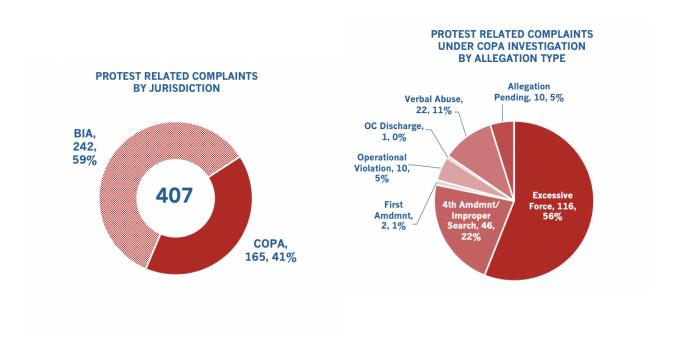
APRIL 1 - 30 Year Over Year Comparison Change District 2020 2019 1 - Central 2 4 - South Chicago 7 - Englewood -100% 17 - Albany Park 4 1 300% 19 - Town Hall 1 1 0% 20 - Lincoln 1 24 - Rogers Park 2 0 25 - Grand Central 200%

MAY 1 - 28 Year Over Year Comparison				
District	2020	2019	Change	
1	4	4	0%	
2	2	9	-78%	▼
3	4	3	33%	
4	4	6	-33%	▼
5	5	3	67%	
6	9	9	0%	
7	4	10	-60%	▼
8			-43%	▼
9	5	3	67%	
10			-33%	▼
11	7	16	-56%	▼
12	7	5	40%	
14	2	3	-33%	▼
15		6	-17%	▼
16	6	0	-	
17	1	1	0%	
18	4	1	300%	
19	4	4	0%	
20	2	0	-	
22	6	4	50%	
24	2	2	0%	
25	4	4	0%	





COMPLAINT DATA DURING PROTEST AND CIVIL UNREST MAY 29, 2020 - JUNE 30, 2020











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